



1 불일치 22esp22-203

The subscription economy is intimately connected to contemporary patterns of goods and service consumption. An increasing number of individuals place greater value on experiences than on physical ownership. This shift renders the subscription economy highly attractive to them, as it provides access to services or content without requiring permanent purchase. For instance, by subscribing to a music streaming service, users can enjoy unlimited music without needing physical compact discs. Similarly, subscribing to apparel services enables consumers to experiment with various clothing styles without crowding their closets. Furthermore, consumers place high value on diversity and tailored experiences. The subscription economy provides a wide array of options, allowing individuals to customize their experiences according to their specific tastes and interests. This feature of the subscription economy is especially popular among younger generations, who take pleasure in expressing their individuality and discovering valuable offerings tailored to their personal preferences. A widely recognized example that has drawn interest is the customized cosmetics subscription service. It distinguishes itself by thoroughly assessing customers' current skin conditions and delivering specialized recommendations, including custom-formulated cosmetics created to address each individual's unique skin concerns. In short, consumers receive a tailored experience that prioritizes their unique skin conditions, rather than undergoing a standardized purchasing procedure.

- ① Subscribing to music streaming services requires consumers to store physical disc albums at home.
- ② Younger generations favor subscriptions to express their uniqueness and personal tastes.
- ③ Modern consumers increasingly value practical experiences over possessing physical goods.
- ④ Music subscriptions allow users to access endless songs without buying physical albums.
- ⑤ Cosmetics subscription services analyze individual skin conditions to recommend tailored products.

A raindrop raced another down the window. The lesson continued, but the championship was far more competitive.

2 제목 22esp22-203

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- ① How Cosmetic Subscriptions Analyze Skin Conditions to Recommend Personalized Products
- ② Why Younger Consumers Prefer Renting Everything Instead of Owning Anything
- ③ Changing Consumer Preferences in the Modern Subscription Economy
- ④ Subscriptions Appeal to Consumers Seeking Access, Variety, and Personalized Experiences
- ⑤ Subscription Services Succeed Mainly Because Consumers Want to Avoid Physical Products

새 운동화는 첫날 아주 조심스럽게 걸었다. 둘째 날부터는 주인을 끌고 뛰었다.

3 주제 22esp22-203

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- ① technological advances in manufacturing personalized skincare ingredients
- ② financial strategies for minimizing the cost of physical music album collections
- ③ a comparative study between traditional retail stores and online platforms
- ④ the declining interest in physical fashion items among older generations
- ⑤ consumer shift toward experience and personalization in subscription services

비 오는 날 우산을 두고 온 학생은 뛰기 시작했다. 그날만큼은 체육 수행평가가 아쉬웠다.

4 불일치 22esp22-101

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum following an economic downturn. Shops close down and property owners abandon the area, leaving it filled with deserted buildings. Even during winter, there is no heating, and only those unable to move elsewhere stay behind. Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner. One day, however, a gang called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, "This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore. We've got to make this town a better place to live." Influenced by these new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to resolve disputes. This occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, where hip-hop music originated as a central component of a new peace movement established by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most dominant musical genres, is truly fascinating. Let's explore it.

- ① The peace treaty in the Bronx was imposed forcefully by local government authorities and police forces.
- ② The Ghetto Brothers earned community respect partly through providing essential social services like meals and healthcare.
- ③ Hip-hop music emerged within a newly formed peace culture driven by African Americans and immigrant youths.
- ④ Economic depression in the Bronx led to widespread building abandonment, unemployment, and youth gang violence.
- ⑤ The peace treaty initiated by gang leaders resulted in an agreement to end violent resolution of disputes.

5 틀린어휘 22esp22-103

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track. People would gather in circles to ① disprove their individual dance talent during the break. Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming a street dance battle culture. DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over ② vocal / 정답instrumental\$ segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" This marked the origins of rapping or MCing. When DJs found it ③ difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. This ④ distinct responsibility ⑤ evolved into MCing.

The subscription economy is intimately connected to contemporary patterns of goods and service consumption.

(A) Similarly, subscribing to apparel services enables consumers to experiment with various clothing styles without crowding their closets. Furthermore, consumers place high value on diversity and tailored experiences. The subscription economy provides a wide array of options, allowing individuals to customize their experiences according to their specific tastes and interests.

(B) This feature of the subscription economy is especially popular among younger generations, who take pleasure in expressing their individuality and discovering valuable offerings tailored to their personal preferences. A widely recognized example that has drawn interest is the customized cosmetics subscription service. It distinguishes itself by thoroughly assessing customers' current skin conditions and delivering specialized recommendations, including custom-formulated cosmetics created to address each individual's unique skin concerns. In short, consumers receive a tailored experience that prioritizes their unique skin conditions, rather than undergoing a standardized purchasing procedure.

(C) An increasing number of individuals place greater value on experiences than on physical ownership. This shift renders the subscription economy highly attractive to them, as it provides access to services or content without requiring permanent purchase. For instance, by subscribing to a music streaming service, users can enjoy unlimited music without needing physical compact discs.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

7 틀린어법 22esp22-107

Presented to the UN on May 16th, 2001, The HipHop Declaration of Peace formally acknowledged hip-hop as an international culture of peace. This document recalls hip-hop's founding mission to restore peace to the Bronx, ① signifying global respect for hip-hop history. Another pivotal milestone ② occurred in 2018 ③ when hip-hop artist Kendrick Lamar was ④ awarding a Pulitzer Prize for Music. This achievement indicated that hip-hop, ⑤ which originated as underground music, ⑥ had transformed a major art form comparable to classical music. If hip-hop music was ⑦ born as part of a cultural movement for peace in the 1970s, today a growing number of people view it as a potent medium to express oneself, ⑧ oppose injustice, drive change through social messages, and remain deeply ⑨ connected to music and others. With its distinctive and ⑩ expanding appeal, hip-hop continues to thrive as a global phenomenon.

8 불일치 2412-29

Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire. Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely different condition, typically one where no event occurs. The two environments are crafted to be distinctly different, making it as straightforward as possible for the animal to link each area with its corresponding experience. The animal's inclination to occupy one area over the other is measured both prior to and following its experiences in the two locations. A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time to obtain a reward indicates that it found the experience enjoyable and is attempting to repeat it. Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site where the stimulus was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as unpleasant. For instance, mice suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication administered to relieve pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. This outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively desired the morphine.

- ① Conditioned Place Preference involves associating distinct environments with specific experiences.
- ② The specific chemical reaction of morphine in cancer cells
- ③ Mice suffering from cancer displayed a preference for areas associated with pain-relieving medication.
- ④ An animal's spatial preference is measured prior to and following its exposure to stimuli.
- ⑤ Environmental differences are highlighted to help animals form clear associations.

9 틀린어휘 2462-31

We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even when they offer no practical utility. Post offices no longer honor those ① outdated stamps, banks ② refuse to ③ reject the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. Yet these issues are merely ④ secondary; the true appeal lies in their ⑤ limited supply. In one experiment, researchers asked students to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding that they could keep one poster as a token of ⑥ appreciation for participating. Five minutes later, the students were informed that the poster ranked third was no longer ⑦ unavailable / 정답available\$. They were then requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was judged to be the most beautiful of all. Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is taken ⑧ away from us, we instantly consider it far more ⑨ appealing.

10 불일치 2412-39

According to Hobbes, human beings are incapable of acting morally in the state of nature while driven by their instinct for self-preservation. Consequently, a place where morality and moral freedom begin to be applied emerges only with the appearance of a sovereign power, namely the state. Hobbes therefore depicts the natural condition of mankind as one in which life is "solitary, poor, nasty, brutish and short." This implies that when individuals exist without a centralized authority to govern them all, they are effectively in a state of war. In other words, Hobbes, who held that humans are not naturally social or political creatures, asserts that without such authority, individuals in the state of nature remain "antisocial and rational based on their selfishness." Furthermore, because society is not a natural occurrence and no innate force draws people together, Hobbes argues that mutual affection is not what unites them into a community. Instead, it is a shared fear of men's current and future circumstances that brings them together, as this fear stems from a common motivation among individuals in the state of nature.

- ① Hobbes asserts that humans inherently possess strong moral drives that guide peaceful coexistence before state formation.
- ② People come together to form a political order largely out of a shared concern for present and future security risks.
- ③ Hobbes argues that morality cannot function in a state of nature where a controlling state power is absent.
- ④ Society is viewed by Hobbes not as a natural biological phenomenon, but as a artificial construct driven by self-interest.
- ⑤ According to Hobbes, human life without a central governing authority is inherently chaotic and warlike.

11 문장삽입 2462-31

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We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even when they offer no practical utility. (①) Post offices no longer honor those outdated stamps, banks refuse to accept the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. (②) Yet these issues are merely secondary; the true appeal lies in their limited supply. (③) In one experiment, researchers asked students to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding that they could keep one poster as a token of appreciation for participating. (④) They were then requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was judged to be the most beautiful of all. (⑤) Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is taken away from us, we instantly consider it far more appealing.

12 일치 22esp22-202

Without doubt, the subscription economy represents a widely adopted economic model today, and Jiyun actively participates in it. The concept of subscription-based business models is not a recent innovation. Initially, it was confined to daily goods like milk and newspapers. Today, however, these business models have expanded across all sectors, including entertainment, technology, fashion, education, and many others. Rather than creating a single hit product intended for a one-time purchase, companies now focus on delivering continuous value, such as fresh content, enhanced personalization, or ongoing access to updates. Customers pay for these ongoing benefits through a recurring subscription. The subscription economy offers mutual advantages for both providers and consumers. Companies can secure predictable revenue and foster customer loyalty by adopting the subscription framework. From the consumers' standpoint, they can access a broader array of choices and personalized experiences. They can also economize through flexible subscription plans. The expansion of the subscription economy is tightly linked to two primary catalysts: shifting consumer trends and the rapid advancement of online platforms.

- ① Modern companies focus exclusively on creating single-hit products to maximize short-term profit.
- ② Subscription economic models were first invented and applied in the entertainment industry.
- ③ Subscription business models were historically restricted to a few basic products like milk.
- ④ Consumers face restricted options and rigid contracts under the modern subscription economy.
- ⑤ Online platform development has had little relationship to the growth of subscription models.

13 문장삽입 22esp22-205

In the past, people had no choice but to visit a cinema or buy physical copies of the videos they wished to view.

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease. (①) Today, anyone who wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment. (②) Simultaneously, these platforms allow businesses to deliver customized products and services to users effortlessly. (③) By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and spending patterns. (④) Users appreciate having a variety of choices along with customization, which subsequently boosts their overall satisfaction. (⑤) Services such as recommending personalized clothing options based on past purchases or suggesting videos aligned with their viewing history bring consumers immense satisfaction.

14 일치 263R-024

Not all AI chatbots are created merely to supply information. Certain AI services are engineered to interact like friends, partners, or companions. Users can discuss personal issues with them and confide private emotions. While these conversations might represent just another application of technology for adults, Haidt considers the situation to be more serious for teenagers and children. Young individuals are still forming their identities and understanding how human relationships function. An AI chatbot that remains constantly available and responsive could prove exceptionally appealing to them. For this reason, Haidt maintains that companies ought not to freely offer relationship-based AI to minors. Specifically, he recommends an age restriction of eighteen for AI chatbots designed to act as friends or romantic partners. His proposal stems from the view that children require special protection while they are developing. On the other hand, critics might question whether age limits are feasible or whether they restrict access to beneficial technology. This gives rise to a crucial debate concerning freedom, technology, and the protection of youth.

- ① Certain AI services are intentionally designed to act as emotional companions rather than mere information providers.
- ② Age limits on AI are universally accepted by all critics because children need special protection.
- ③ Companion chatbots are exclusively used by teenagers to solve their complicated mathematical problems.
- ④ Haidt demands that companies should immediately stop developing AI chatbots for adult users.
- ⑤ Human identity development is a process that ends completely before children begin interacting with AI.

15 틀린어법 22esp22-106

Furthermore, a new perspective gradually ① emerging hip-hop lyrics, one ② that can be summarized as ③ respect. Hip-hop music began to serve as a medium for expressing mutual respect, particularly toward hip-hop pioneers. To rappers, these pioneers represent heroes who overcame adversity and injustice to build a new culture and musical style. Consequently, many in the hip-hop community agree ④ that one cannot show too much respect for these figures. The phrase something from nothing, frequently ⑤ employed to summarize the genre's history, also conveys admiration for early hip-hoppers who created a new culture in the ghetto ⑥ despite extremely ⑦ limited resources. Rappers also proudly shared the feeling ⑧ that they, and perhaps their audience as well, ⑨ had endured and ⑩ survived hardships ⑪ similar to those ⑫ faced by the pioneers. This explains why the message of respect encompasses both personal self-worth and respect for others. The significance of respect in hip-hop cannot be ⑬ overemphasized.

16 일치 263R-026

South Korea has been actively incorporating AI into educational settings. Many individuals hold the view that early exposure to AI will get students ready for the future. They contend that students ought to learn how powerful new technologies operate before reaching adulthood. Haidt, nevertheless, strongly questions this strategy, particularly for younger children. He asserts that Korea might be moving excessively fast in implementing AI in children's education. Korean students already dedicate a substantial amount of time to studying in intensely competitive environments. According to Haidt, introducing greater reliance on AI could give rise to another issue. Children might end up with even fewer chances for independent reflection and real-world interaction. For this reason, he prompts Korea to re-evaluate AI policies directed at young students. His stance does not necessarily mean that all AI technology ought to be removed from education. Instead, it poses the question of when and how AI should be integrated into a child's learning process. Ultimately, Korean students themselves will need to choose what type of relationship they wish to establish with AI.

- ① South Korea is the only country that completely rejects the use of AI in education.
- ② Haidt suggests that Korean students lack independent thinking skills because they do not study hard enough.
- ③ Exposure to advanced technology always guarantees absolute success for students entering adulthood.
- ④ Many advocates believe that early exposure to AI is necessary to prepare Korean students for the future.
- ⑤ Haidt insists that all forms of artificial intelligence must be permanently removed from Korean classrooms.

17 틀린어법 2462-37

Purchasing a television constitutes current consumption. It brings us immediate happiness today but ① does nothing to increase our wealth tomorrow. To ② be sure, money ③ spent on a television keeps assembly workers ④ employed at the electronics factory. However, if that same money ⑤ is invested instead, ⑥ it would generate employment elsewhere—such ⑦ as for scientists in a research lab or workers on a construction site—while simultaneously ⑧ making us wealthier over the long term. Consider higher education as an illustration. Sending students to college creates employment for professors. Allocating that same money to buy luxury sports cars for high school graduates would generate jobs for automotive workers instead. The fundamental distinction between these two cases ⑨ is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. Thus, paying college tuition represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

18 불일치 263R-023

Schoolwork can become much easier for students with the help of AI. It is capable of summarizing complex texts, coming up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. However, does achieving a superior outcome imply that a student has genuinely gained more knowledge? Haidt contends that we should not take this for granted. He highlights research indicating that relying heavily on AI might diminish real learning. When students tackle problems on their own, they are required to recall information and structure their thoughts. Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and attempting again are all part of the process. Rather than being hurdles to learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself. If AI instantly carries out the challenging mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. The task before us is to employ AI as a learning tool without letting it substitute for the learning process itself.

- ① Struggling through mistakes and reorganizing thoughts is an essential component of genuine learning.
- ② Generating a superior essay using AI does not guarantee that the student's cognitive skills have improved.
- ③ AI technologies allow students to complete complex assignments much more quickly than before.
- ④ AI improves student learning solely by reorganizing their scattered thoughts and correcting minor mistakes.
- ⑤ Over-reliance on AI deprives students of the chance to practice essential problem-solving skills.

19 틀린어휘 2615-1302

AI generates an abundance of ideas. While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of ① collaborative ideas and quickly focus on ② modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas ③ increases when groups first ④ emphasize quantity. As Linus Pauling noted, "The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas." Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton referred to this phenomenon as the " ⑤ equal odds rule," proposing that creative success is directly ⑥ linked to the total volume of works produced. Numerous studies have ⑦ confirmed that ⑧ high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation consulting firm termed the "idea ratio." Indeed, one Stanford study indicated that ⑨ more than two thousand ideas separate a successful product from a failure. This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis on the processes—what Utley and Klebahn describe as "idea flow"—of generating possibilities without ⑩ immediate judgment.

20 불일치 2412-34

Weber's law explains how we perceive differences between two stimuli. It implies that while a 1-mm difference between lines measuring 466 mm and 467 mm might go unnoticed, the same 1-mm difference can easily be detected when comparing a 2-mm line with a 3-mm one. This principle is also illustrated when lighting a single candle in a completely dark room, where the new light is readily perceived. In contrast, if 1 candle is lit in a room where 100 candles are already burning, the additional illumination may not be observed. Consequently, the Just-noticeable difference (JND) changes depending on signal intensity. For instance, the JND is larger for extremely loud noises than for considerably quieter sounds. When a sound is exceedingly soft, we can recognize that another sound is louder even with a minimal increase. However, when a sound is very loud, a second sound must be substantially louder for us to notice the difference. Thus, Weber's law indicates that distinguishing between two stimuli becomes more difficult when their intensity or scale is greater.

- ① The addition of a single candle is noticeably perceptible in a dark room but unnoticeable among a hundred candles.
- ② Weak sounds allow individuals to perceive minute increases in loudness that would be undetectable in loud sounds.
- ③ Weber's law states that the threshold for detecting differences remains constant regardless of the initial stimulus strength.
- ④ Detecting a one-millimeter difference is easier between two short lines than between two long lines.
- ⑤ Weber's law explains why distinguishing two sensory samples becomes more difficult as their baseline strength increases.

21 문장삽입 2615-1302

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AI generates an abundance of ideas. (①) While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of creative ideas and quickly focus on modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas increases when groups first emphasize quantity. (②) As Linus Pauling noted, "The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas." (③) Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton referred to this phenomenon as the "equal odds rule," proposing that creative success is directly linked to the total volume of works produced. (④) Numerous studies have confirmed that high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation consulting firm termed the "idea ratio." (⑤) This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis on the processes—what Utley and Klebahn describe as "idea flow"—of generating possibilities without immediate judgment.

22 주제 22esp22-101

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum following an economic downturn. Shops close down and property owners abandon the area, leaving it filled with deserted buildings. Even during winter, there is no heating, and only those unable to move elsewhere stay behind. Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner. One day, however, a gang called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, "This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore. We've got to make this town a better place to live." Influenced by these new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to resolve disputes. This occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, where hip-hop music originated as a central component of a new peace movement established by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most dominant musical genres, is truly fascinating. Let's explore it.

- ① The economic causes of urban recession in 1970s New York City
- ② Why African Americans and immigrants formed violent rivalries in urban slums
- ③ The technical evolution of hip-hop musical production over the decades
- ④ The emergence of hip-hop culture as a movement for peace stemming from gang reconciliation in the Bronx
- ⑤ How rival gangs established medical and meal programs to gain political power

23 순서 22esp22-207

In addition, the subscription economy can cause environmental pollution.

(A) Despite these potential drawbacks, subscription services have become deeply integrated into daily life, and a growing number of enterprises are adopting the subscription economy model. It is anticipated that innovative subscription services will continue to expand into new sectors.

(B) Consequently, we must gain a clearer understanding of the subscription economy and become thoughtful consumers who select only the services we genuinely need.

(C) The recurring shipment of products enclosed in packaging materials increases the reliance on disposable containers, which negatively impacts the environment. Utilizing eco-friendly packaging materials and choosing reusable options can help mitigate this problem.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

24 일치 263R-025

It is frequently asserted that we simply need to employ technology in a wise manner. Haidt, however, doubts whether individual self-control is sufficient. Powerful technologies are commonly engineered to capture our attention and foster continuous engagement. Resisting AI may prove even more challenging because it possesses the ability to respond personally to each user. Highly attractive AI services are compared by Haidt to extremely potent junk food. When something is designed to be difficult to resist, instructing children to exercise self-control may not resolve the issue. On these grounds, Haidt believes tech companies ought to bear greater responsibility for young users. Governments might also be required to establish regulations to protect children. This does not necessarily imply halting the progression of AI. Rather, it involves giving thought to shared responsibility along with technological innovation. Society needs to determine how much responsibility should belong to users, parents, corporations, schools, and governments. Consequently, the future of AI may rely not only on superior technology but also on improved regulations.

- ① The government must immediately ban all AI development to protect children from digital junk food.
- ② Every technological problem in history has been successfully solved by individual self-control.
- ③ Haidt does not believe that telling children to simply exercise self-control is an effective solution.
- ④ Technology companies intentionally design AI to weaken the physical health of young users.
- ⑤ AI becomes highly attractive to users primarily because it refuses to respond to them personally.

25 틀린어휘 2462-37

Purchasing a television constitutes current consumption. It brings us ① immediate happiness today but does nothing to ② increase our wealth tomorrow. To be sure, money spent on a television keeps assembly workers employed at the electronics factory. However, if that same money were ③ invested instead, it would ④ terminate ⑤ employment elsewhere—such as for scientists in a research lab or workers on a construction site—while simultaneously making us wealthier over the long term. Consider higher education as an illustration. Sending students to college ⑥ creates employment for professors. Allocating that same money to buy luxury sports cars for ⑦ high school graduates would generate jobs for automotive workers instead. The ⑧ fundamental ⑨ distinction between these two cases is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. Thus, paying college tuition ⑩ represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

26 주제 263R-026

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- ① Haidt's concerns regarding the rapid integration of AI into South Korea's competitive education
- ② the global history of integrating advanced educational technologies into public schools
- ③ the detailed statistical results of South Korea's highly competitive university entrance exams
- ④ the successful integration of AI technology that completely eliminates educational competition
- ⑤ the effective methods Korean students use to improve independent thinking without computers

27 틀린어휘 2412-22

To determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it on a balance scale and compare it against a known mass, such as several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams. Determining the mass of a ① distant star, however, becomes far more ② complex. How do we measure such an object? Broadly speaking, calculating a star's mass depends heavily on various ③ theoretical frameworks. To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then measure their respective distances from that ④ central point. Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a ⑤ specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, to "measure" stellar mass, we observe other ⑥ physical ⑦ quantities and ⑧ plug those figures into theoretical equations. Measurement is not a straightforward, unmediated observation of pre- ⑨ disappearing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of ⑩ established theories.

28 제목 2412-29

Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire. Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely different condition, typically one where no event occurs. The two environments are crafted to be distinctly different, making it as straightforward as possible for the animal to link each area with its corresponding experience. The animal's inclination to occupy one area over the other is measured both prior to and following its experiences in the two locations. A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time to obtain a reward indicates that it found the experience enjoyable and is attempting to repeat it. Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site where the stimulus was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as unpleasant. For instance, mice suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication administered to relieve pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. This outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively desired the morphine.

- ① Why Animals Always Return to Places Where They Received Food
- ② How Researchers Study Animal Preferences and Motivations
- ③ Conditioned Place Preference Reveals Whether Animals Seek or Avoid an Experience
- ④ Conditioned Place Preference Measures Only Whether Animals Enjoy Rewards
- ⑤ Why Cancerous Mice Prefer Places Associated with Morphine Treatment

29 틀린어휘 2462-40

Numerous factors give ① rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. Envy is frequently ② confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait, whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels ③ jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment ④ directed toward those who ⑤ resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor ⑥ we do envy billionaires ⑦ living on the other side of the planet. As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of ⑧ even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

30 불일치 2615-1606

Public goods are frequently undervalued in markets, which serve private goods efficiently but rarely function for public goods. For example, aquatic environments like wetlands yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. These advantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and are supplied without cost through the natural operation of wetlands. Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, leaving them without an explicit price tag. Nevertheless, the true worth of these services is far from zero. Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits obtained by those who utilize them. This collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a visible market price. The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all beneficiaries highlights the extent to which markets undervalue such public goods.

- ① The real worth of a public good reflects the accumulated benefit gained by every individual user.
- ② The lack of an active market for wetland services causes their apparent market price to be zero.
- ③ Public goods are significantly undervalued in economic markets because price tags fail to capture overall societal value.
- ④ Wetlands offer benefits like water purification and species refuge without charging an explicit price.
- ⑤ The actual economic value of wetland public services is virtually zero because consumers pay nothing for them.

31 순서 22esp22-204

Additionally, consumers appreciate adaptability and convenience.

(A) With merely a few clicks, users can obtain services or physical products. Should they wish to update their device model, they can readily do so. Anyone seeking an upgrade can acquire it and experience the latest models.

(B) Under certain subscription frameworks, users can access a diverse array of products or services for a set fee. In alternative models, they can flexibly adjust subscription costs by selecting only the specific services or products they require at any given time.

(C) This allows them to either enjoy a broad selection for a fixed rate or save money by choosing strictly what they truly need. Furthermore, subscription services are made easily accessible through online platforms, enhancing consumer convenience.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

32 일치 263R-021

Over the last two decades, smartphones and social media have profoundly transformed the daily lives of youth. They have altered how adolescents interact, pass their leisure time, and establish connections. Social psychologist Jonathan Haidt has extensively researched the impacts of these technologies on young individuals. At present, however, he contends that an even more influential technological transition is underway. That shift is currently unfolding. Children today may grow up enveloped by AI from their earliest years. They might rely on AI not merely to search for information, but also to study, communicate, and address personal difficulties. Some individuals may even engage in conversations with AI as though it were a human friend. This characteristic sets AI apart from many preceding technologies. Haidt is concerned that AI could shape how children think, learn, and form interpersonal relationships. For this reason, he maintains that society must thoughtfully examine how young people are introduced to AI. The central question is no longer simply what AI is capable of doing, but what growing up alongside AI may do to us.

- ① Technology has always changed the way young people communicate and spend their free time.
- ② Haidt is concerned about AI because it performs the exact same social functions as smartphones.
- ③ AI will primarily be used by children merely to search for simple factual information online.
- ④ Children should completely stop using smartphones before they are introduced to AI technologies.
- ⑤ Haidt believes AI represents a more significant technological shift for youth than smartphones do.

33 틀린어휘 2462-21

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. Disregard the ① visible marks of their success and the items they are ② capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to ③ surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear ④ formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on ⑤ attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they ⑥ dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even ⑦ worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be ⑧ negligible, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, "Slavery resides under marble and gold." A ⑨ great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they ⑩ constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? Let us hope it is not.

34 제목 22esp22-101

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum following an economic downturn. Shops close down and property owners abandon the area, leaving it filled with deserted buildings. Even during winter, there is no heating, and only those unable to move elsewhere stay behind. Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner. One day, however, a gang called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, "This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore. We've got to make this town a better place to live." Influenced by these new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to resolve disputes. This occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, where hip-hop music originated as a central component of a new peace movement established by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most dominant musical genres, is truly fascinating. Let's explore it.

- ① Hip-Hop Emerged from a Community's Turn from Gang Violence toward Peace
- ② Hip-Hop Began Mainly as a Musical Protest against Poverty and Unemployment
- ③ How the Ghetto Brothers Persuaded Local Gang Leaders to Sign a Peace Treaty
- ④ Why Economic Recovery Created New Entertainment Opportunities for Urban Youth
- ⑤ The Social Conditions Surrounding the Birth of Hip-Hop in the Bronx

35 문장삽입 2462-21

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Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. (①) Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. (②) Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they dislike. (③) Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. (④) Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, "Slavery resides under marble and gold." A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? (⑤) Let us hope it is not.

36 주제 22esp22-202

Without doubt, the subscription economy represents a widely adopted economic model today, and Jiyun actively participates in it. The concept of subscription-based business models is not a recent innovation. Initially, it was confined to daily goods like milk and newspapers. Today, however, these business models have expanded across all sectors, including entertainment, technology, fashion, education, and many others. Rather than creating a single hit product intended for a one-time purchase, companies now focus on delivering continuous value, such as fresh content, enhanced personalization, or ongoing access to updates. Customers pay for these ongoing benefits through a recurring subscription. The subscription economy offers mutual advantages for both providers and consumers. Companies can secure predictable revenue and foster customer loyalty by adopting the subscription framework. From the consumers' standpoint, they can access a broader array of choices and personalized experiences. They can also economize through flexible subscription plans. The expansion of the subscription economy is tightly linked to two primary catalysts: shifting consumer trends and the rapid advancement of online platforms.

- ① growth drivers and mutual benefits of the expanded subscription economy
- ② technological mechanisms underlying the rapid expansion of online streaming platforms
- ③ strategies for manufacturing hit products in single-purchase retail markets
- ④ historical background of traditional milk and newspaper distribution systems
- ⑤ methods for consumers to lower monthly expenses in competitive markets

37 틀린어법 2412-34

Weber's law explains how we perceive differences between two stimuli. It implies ① that while a 1-mm difference between lines ② measured by 466 mm and 467 mm might go ③ unnoticed, the same 1-mm difference can ④ easily be detected when ⑤ comparing a 2-mm line with a 3-mm one. This principle is also illustrated when lighting a single candle in a completely dark room, ⑥ where the new light is readily ⑦ perceived. In contrast, if 1 candle is lit in a room ⑧ where 100 candles are already burning, the additional illumination may not be observed. Consequently, the just-noticeable difference changes ⑨ depending on signal intensity. For instance, the JND is larger for extremely loud noises ⑩ than for considerably quieter sounds. When a sound is exceedingly soft, we can recognize ① that ② another sound is louder even with a minimal increase. However, when a sound is very ③ loud, a second sound must be substantially louder for us to notice the difference. Thus, Weber's law indicates that distinguishing between two stimuli becomes more difficult when their intensity or scale is greater.

38 주제 2412-29

Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire. Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely different condition, typically one where no event occurs. The two environments are crafted to be distinctly different, making it as straightforward as possible for the animal to link each area with its corresponding experience. The animal's inclination to occupy one area over the other is measured both prior to and following its experiences in the two locations. A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time to obtain a reward indicates that it found the experience enjoyable and is attempting to repeat it. Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site where the stimulus was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as unpleasant. For instance, mice suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication administered to relieve pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. This outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively desired the morphine.

- ① role of saline solution in animal laboratory experiments
- ② experimental methodologies in modern behavioral psychology research
- ③ analgesic effects of morphine on cancerous mice
- ④ ethical guidelines for conducting pain research on animals
- ⑤ use of Conditioned Place Preference to assess subjective preferences in animals

39 문장삽입 2412-34

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- ① Why Milk and Newspapers Were Early Products Sold through Subscription Models
- ② Subscription Models Benefit Consumers Mainly by Making Every Service Cheaper
- ③ Why Subscription Businesses Are Replacing All One-Time Product Sales
- ④ The Subscription Economy Expands by Providing Continuous Value to Companies and Consumers
- ⑤ The Growth and Benefits of the Modern Subscription Economy

41 틀린어휘 2412-34

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42 불일치 2412-24

Manufacturers skillfully implant doubt regarding the adequacy of our existing devices. Suddenly, the smartphone that served as your indispensable lifeline just a year ago feels like an outdated relic, incapable of keeping up with your digital demands. Consequently, the urge to upgrade takes root, frequently well before a genuine need arises. This ongoing cycle is not restricted solely to our personal gadgets; it extends into virtually every realm of consumer electronics, ranging from autonomous vehicles to intelligent refrigerators. Every product appears to be on an unstoppable progression toward its next iteration—the upcoming generation that vows to transform your daily life. What proves fascinating, or perhaps alarming, is how remarkably effective this cycle is at shaping human desire. It is not simply that we wish for the newest device; rather, we are brought to believe we cannot do without it. The boundary separating want from need becomes blurred, shifting our financial choices toward remaining up to date with current trends. Despite every rational argument opposing this relentless upgrading, the temptation remains powerful.

- ① Marketing strategies effectively manipulate consumer financial priorities toward following technological trends.
- ② Consumers often feel a strong temptation to upgrade even when logical arguments oppose it.
- ③ Producers create doubt in consumers regarding the adequacy of their current devices.
- ④ The rapid technological obsolescence of smart fridges
- ⑤ The psychological compulsion to upgrade extends beyond smartphones to various consumer electronics.

43 틀린어휘 22esp22-102

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together. Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as block parties. What ultimately developed from these gatherings was a ① dynamic youth movement called hip-hop culture, built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti. It ② replaced gang ③ conflict with music, dance, visual art, and style. The most sought-after block parties were ④ organized by DJ Kool Herc, who is considered the founding father of hip-hop. Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music owing to his ⑤ innovative DJing technique. During this event, utilizing two turntables simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and ⑥ maintained between them to ⑦ lengthen the ⑧ instrumental drum section known as the break. Dancers no longer had to stop moving when a record ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly ⑨ gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

44 불일치 263R-022

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals. These connections play a critical role in their social and emotional growth. However, AI might introduce an entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a child who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. The AI listens attentively, recalls past interactions, and consistently responds to the child. Meanwhile, the child's parents might occasionally be occupied with their own smartphones or computers. Haidt expresses concern that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. This possibility is particularly worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially. Genuine human relationships involve conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and compromise. An AI engineered to satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could alter how children learn to bond with real people.

- ① Traditional human relationships are essential for a child's emotional and social growth.
- ② AI-powered toys are designed primarily to help children resolve disagreements with their friends.
- ③ Interacting with an AI toy is fundamentally different from interacting with humans because AI rarely disagrees.
- ④ Haidt questions whether bonding with AI will negatively affect a child's ability to relate to humans.
- ⑤ A child might turn to an AI toy for comfort when their parents are preoccupied.

45 틀린어법 2615-1606

Public goods are frequently ① undervalued in markets, ② which serve private goods efficiently but rarely ③ function for public goods. For example, aquatic environments like wetlands yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. These advantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and ④ are supplied without cost through the natural operation of wetlands. Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, ⑤ leave them without an explicit price tag. Nevertheless, the true worth of these services ⑥ is far from zero. Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value ⑦ corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits ⑧ obtained by those who utilize them. This collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a visible market price. The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all beneficiaries ⑨ highlights the extent ⑩ to which markets undervalue such public goods.

46 불일치 2462-40

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet. As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

- ① The physical manifestations associated with envy are virtually indistinguishable from those of jealousy.
- ② Professionals tend to envy peers within their own field rather than individuals in unrelated occupations.
- ③ People rarely feel envy toward historical figures or geographically distant millionaires.
- ④ Envy involves a relation between two entities, whereas jealousy fundamentally requires three.
- ⑤ Jealousy focuses primarily on an inanimate object or status rather than a third person's behavior.

47 틀린어법 2412-23

Neuroscientific discoveries indicate ① that pain and pleasure ② are generated and processed within the exact same brain region. Our bodies continuously strive to maintain homeostasis, ③ defined as the state of balance among ④ bodily functions. Without effective compensatory mechanisms ⑤ capable of cushioning potential extremes, human survival ⑥ would be impossible. Pleasure and pain resemble two sides of a single coin; they appear to operate together, ⑦ rely heavily on one another to preserve equilibrium. If you imagine pleasure and pain as opposing ends of a balance scale, ⑧ it becomes ⑨ easy to see that as one side rises, the other must ⑩ correspondingly drop. Many are familiar with the phrase, No pain, no gain. According to psychiatrist Dr. Anna Lembke, there may be genuine truth in those words. She suggests that our persistent attempts to avoid discomfort actually leave us ⑪ feeling ⑫ even more miserable. This occurs because pain serves as an essential component in preserving a neutral state, and ⑬ allowing ourselves ⑭ to experience it ultimately resets our internal scale back to balance.

48 추론 2462-40

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet. As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: '[Potters envy potters.](#)'

- ① Artisans in ancient Greece suffered from severe financial rivalries due to limited trade options.
- ② Human envy is primarily aimed at peers who share the same socio-professional domain.
- ③ Envy functions as the main driving force for expanding commercial trade across distant geographical regions.
- ④ Professional success relies heavily on eliminating all competitive feelings toward immediate colleagues.
- ⑤ Individuals inherently respect colleagues who demonstrate superior skills in the same field.

49 틀린어법 2412-33

Some observers contend ① that there exists a ② unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly ③ isolated from all other activities ④ involving books. Is reading truly that straightforward? The most constructive ⑤ approach is to view reading as a ⑥ loosely interconnected set of behaviors ⑦ linked together by family resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase—without sharing a single universal ⑧ defined feature. Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and ⑨ nonreading ⑩ are ⑪ bound to fail because no consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place. The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, ⑫ the more edge cases surface to stretch the concept's adaptable limits. Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a common forum, one ⑬ that underscores the challenges faced by anyone ⑭ attempting to define where reading begins and ends. Such an effort advances toward understanding ⑮ reading as a broad spectrum ⑯ capable of encompassing diverse reading practices.

50 불일치 22esp22-105

Rap lyrics, which originated as party chants during early hip-hop, initially centered on enjoying group gatherings and boasting about the skill of the DJ or rapper. However, a major shift occurred during the expansion of hip-hop music in the 1980s. Most notably, the release of The Message by Grandmaster Flash and the Furious Five in 1982 marked a historic milestone. The powerful lyrics of this track detailed the harsh living conditions of the ghetto, recounting the tragic narrative of a boy born there who was forced to live and die as a second-class citizen. Through this release, hip-hop—whose initial objective was fostering peace through social gatherings—established a new tradition of social commentary directed against inequality. The Message became one of the most influential rap singles in history, paving the way for numerous hip-hop songs that challenged racial discrimination throughout the 1980s and 1990s. Simultaneously, the music's rhythmic beats and rap delivery moved people to dance, ensuring that listeners engaged with the social commentary while moving to the rhythm.

- ① The 1982 song The Message marked a pivotal shift by addressing ghetto harshness and social injustice.
- ② Early rap lyrics primarily emphasized shared enjoyment and boasting about DJ or MC skills.
- ③ Hip-hop maintained its danceable rhythmic appeal even as its lyrics became socially conscious.
- ④ The Message was criticized by early hip-hoppers for destroying the genre's party tradition.
- ⑤ Rap singles in the 1980s and 1990s increasingly confronted systemic issues like racial discrimination.

51 틀린어법 22esp22-104

Where, then, did the term hip-hop originate? Although its precise origin remains ① unknown, the word hip-hop is said to have been ② used for the first time at a block party. A young man ③ attending the party was preparing to enter ④ the military. His close friend, ⑤ who served as the party's MC, jokingly reminded him that his freedom was ⑥ coming to an end by marching across the stage like a drill instructor to the beat while ⑦ chanted by, Hip-hop-hip-hop-hip-hop. The audience was ⑧ delighted. Subsequently, MCs began testing new lines at parties, such as Hip, hop, hippy to the hippy hop-bop, and I said a hip-hop, a hibbit, hibby-dibby, hip-hip-hop and you don't stop. Such phrases became a standard feature of rap and ⑨ were ⑩ included in the lyrics of Rapper's Delight, the first commercial hip-hop record, ⑪ which achieved immediate success. The new musical style and dance form spread ⑫ rapidly. During the 1980s, New York experienced a sharp and unexplained drop in violence. When a police officer asked a young boy on the street if he understood why, the boy replied, It's because they're dancing.

52 주제 263R-024

Not all AI chatbots are created merely to supply information. Certain AI services are engineered to interact like friends, partners, or companions. Users can discuss personal issues with them and confide private emotions. While these conversations might represent just another application of technology for adults, Haidt considers the situation to be more serious for teenagers and children. Young individuals are still forming their identities and understanding how human relationships function. An AI chatbot that remains constantly available and responsive could prove exceptionally appealing to them. For this reason, Haidt maintains that companies ought not to freely offer relationship-based AI to minors. Specifically, he recommends an age restriction of eighteen for AI chatbots designed to act as friends or romantic partners. His proposal stems from the view that children require special protection while they are developing. On the other hand, critics might question whether age limits are feasible or whether they restrict access to beneficial technology. This gives rise to a crucial debate concerning freedom, technology, and the protection of youth.

- ① the ongoing global debate over internet freedom and technological innovation
- ② the proposal to ban all artificial intelligence services for users under eighteen
- ③ the necessity of age restrictions on relationship-based AI chatbots for minors
- ④ the technological design principles behind modern relationship-based AI chatbots
- ⑤ the psychological counseling benefits that AI chatbots provide to troubled teenagers

53 틀린어휘 22esp22-105

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54 주제 263R-025

It is frequently asserted that we simply need to employ technology in a wise manner. Haidt, however, doubts whether individual self-control is sufficient. Powerful technologies are commonly engineered to capture our attention and foster continuous engagement. Resisting AI may prove even more challenging because it possesses the ability to respond personally to each user. Highly attractive AI services are compared by Haidt to extremely potent junk food. When something is designed to be difficult to resist, instructing children to exercise self-control may not resolve the issue. On these grounds, Haidt believes tech companies ought to bear greater responsibility for young users. Governments might also be required to establish regulations to protect children. This does not necessarily imply halting the progression of AI. Rather, it involves giving thought to shared responsibility along with technological innovation. Society needs to determine how much responsibility should belong to users, parents, corporations, schools, and governments. Consequently, the future of AI may rely not only on superior technology but also on improved regulations.

- ① the responsibility of parents to completely stop the development of AI
- ② the necessity of shared systemic responsibility to protect children from highly attractive AI
- ③ the individual self-control strategies that teenagers use to resist AI services
- ④ the historical development of government rules regulating technological innovation
- ⑤ the specific psychological mechanisms that make junk food difficult to resist

55 문장삽입 263R-022

These connections play a critical role in their social and emotional growth.

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals. (①) However, AI might introduce an entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a child who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. (②) The AI listens attentively, recalls past interactions, and consistently responds to the child. Meanwhile, the child's parents might occasionally be occupied with their own smartphones or computers. (③) Haidt expresses concern that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. (④) This possibility is particularly worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially. Genuine human relationships involve conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and compromise. An AI engineered to satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. (⑤) Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could alter how children learn to bond with real people.

56 볼일치 2615-1302

AI generates an abundance of ideas. While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of creative ideas and quickly focus on modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas increases when groups first emphasize quantity. As Linus Pauling noted, "The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas." Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton referred to this phenomenon as the "equal odds rule," proposing that creative success is directly linked to the total volume of works produced. Numerous studies have confirmed that high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation consulting firm termed the "idea ratio." Indeed, one Stanford study indicated that more than two thousand ideas separate a successful product from a failure. This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis on the processes—what Utley and Klebahn describe as "idea flow"—of generating possibilities without immediate judgment.

- ① Human brainstorming groups frequently err by prematurely evaluating early ideas rather than generating more.
- ② Design thinking methodology prioritizes judgment-free creation processes to maximize overall idea flow.
- ③ The equal odds rule states that the likelihood of creative success rises with the total volume of work generated.
- ④ Creative quality is best achieved by immediately refining and perfecting the very first idea proposed in a group.
- ⑤ A design firm's research indicated that thousands of ideas may separate product success from failure.

57 틀린어휘 263R-022

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals. These connections play a ① critical role in their social and emotional growth. However, AI might introduce an entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a ② child who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. The AI listens attentively, ③ recalls past interactions, and consistently responds to the child. Meanwhile, the child's parents might occasionally be ④ occupied with their own smartphones or computers. Haidt expresses concern that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. This possibility is particularly worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially. Genuine human relationships involve ⑤ conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and ⑥ compromise. An AI engineered to ⑦ satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could ⑧ preserve how children learn to bond with real people.

58 일치 22esp22-104

Where, then, did the term hip-hop originate? Although its precise origin remains unknown, the word hip-hop is said to have been used for the first time at a block party. A young man attending the party was preparing to enter the military. His close friend, who served as the party's MC, jokingly reminded him that his freedom was coming to an end by marching across the stage like a drill instructor to the beat while chanting, "Hip-hop-hip-hop-hip-hop." The audience was delighted. Subsequently, MCs began testing new lines at parties, such as "Hip, hop, hippy to the hippy hop-bop," and "I said a hip-hop, a hibbit, hibby-dibby, hip-hip-hop and you don't stop." Such phrases became a standard feature of rap and were included in the lyrics of *Rapper's Delight* (1979), the first commercial hip-hop record, which achieved immediate success. The new musical style and dance form spread rapidly. During the 1980s, New York experienced a sharp and unexplained drop in violence. When a police officer asked a young boy on the street if he understood why, the boy replied, "It's because they're dancing."

- ① Police reports confirmed that new laws were the sole cause of the 1980s violence decline.
- ② The phrase "hip-hop" initially emerged from a lighthearted military-style chant by an MC.
- ③ The term hip-hop was officially created by military instructors during army recruitment.
- ④ *Rapper's Delight* failed to gain popular traction due to its reliance on party chants.
- ⑤ The lyrics of early rap records avoided using phrases that originated from live block parties.

59 제목 22esp22-201

Jiyun, a high school student, begins her day by signing in to a music streaming service on her smartphone. She delights in listening to her favorite tracks, discovering new songs, and exploring unfamiliar artists daily. To ensure a healthy breakfast, Jiyun gets a delivery from a subscription service that supplies fresh vegetables and fruits. After school, Jiyun uses a video lecture platform to broaden her knowledge in any subject she finds intriguing. For instance, she watches diverse academic lectures to review her school coursework and stay current with the latest developments in her chosen field of study. On weekends, Jiyun and her family enjoy quality time together by watching movies or dramas via a streaming service.

- ① Subscription Services Mainly Help Consumers Save Time on Entertainment
- ② Subscription Services Have Become Embedded in Many Parts of Everyday Life
- ③ The Growing Variety of Digital Services Available to Modern Consumers
- ④ How Jiyun Uses Music Streaming to Discover New Artists Every Day
- ⑤ Why Subscription Services Are More Popular among Students Than Adults

60 틀린어휘 22esp22-203

The subscription economy is intimately connected to contemporary patterns of goods and service consumption. An ① increasing number of individuals place greater value on experiences than on physical ownership. This shift renders the subscription economy highly attractive to them, as it ② provides access to services or content without requiring ③ permanent purchase. For instance, by subscribing to a music streaming service, users can enjoy unlimited music without needing physical compact discs. Similarly, subscribing to apparel services ④ enables consumers to experiment with various clothing styles without crowding their closets. Furthermore, consumers place ⑤ high value on diversity and tailored experiences. The subscription economy provides a wide array of options, ⑥ allowing individuals to customize their experiences according to their specific tastes and interests. This feature of the subscription economy is especially popular among younger generations, who take pleasure in expressing their ⑦ individuality and discovering valuable offerings tailored to their personal preferences. A widely recognized example that has drawn interest is the customized cosmetics subscription service. It distinguishes itself by thoroughly assessing customers' current skin conditions and delivering specialized recommendations, ⑧ including custom-formulated cosmetics ⑨ created to address each individual's unique skin concerns. In short, consumers receive a tailored experience that prioritizes their unique skin conditions, ⑩ in addition to undergoing a standardized purchasing procedure.

61 틀린어법 2412-39

According to Hobbes, human beings are incapable ① of acting morally in the state of nature while ② driving by their instinct for self-preservation. Consequently, a place ③ where morality and moral freedom begin to ④ be applied emerges only with the appearance of a sovereign power; namely the state. Hobbes therefore depicts the natural condition of mankind as one ⑤ in which life is solitary, poor, nasty, brutish and short. This implies ⑥ that when individuals exist without a ⑦ centralized authority to govern them all, they are effectively in a state of war. In other words, Hobbes, ⑧ who held that humans are not naturally social or political creatures, asserts that without such authority, individuals in the state of nature remain antisocial and ⑨ rational based on their selfishness. Furthermore, because society is not a natural occurrence and no innate force draws people together, Hobbes argues that mutual affection is not what unites them into a community. Instead, it is a shared fear of men's current and future circumstances that ⑩ brings them together, as this fear stems from a common motivation among individuals in the state of nature.

62 틀린어법 22esp22-203

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63 순서 22esp22-103

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track.

(A) DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over instrumental segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" This marked the origins of rapping or MCing.

(B) People would gather in circles to demonstrate their individual dance talent during the break. Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming a street dance battle culture.

(C) When DJs found it difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. This distinct responsibility evolved into MCing.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

64 추론 22esp22-104

Where, then, did the term hip-hop originate? Although its precise origin remains unknown, the word hip-hop is said to have been used for the first time at a block party. A young man attending the party was preparing to enter the military. His close friend, who served as the party's MC, jokingly reminded him that his freedom was coming to an end by marching across the stage like a drill instructor to the beat while chanting, "Hip-hop-hip-hop-hip-hop." The audience was delighted. Subsequently, MCs began testing new lines at parties, such as "Hip, hop, hippy to the hippy hop-bop," and "I said a hip-hop, a hibbit, hibby-dibby, hip-hip-hop and you don't stop." Such phrases became a standard feature of rap and were included in the lyrics of *Rapper's Delight* (1979), the first commercial hip-hop record, which achieved immediate success. The new musical style and dance form spread rapidly. During the 1980s, New York experienced a sharp and unexplained drop in violence. When a police officer asked a young boy on the street if he understood why, the boy replied, "It's because they're dancing."

- ① youth violence decreased because energetic street culture redirected youth energy toward creative expression
- ② police officers used dance routines as a mandatory alternative to jail sentences
- ③ the military recruited dancers from the Bronx to replace traditional combat units
- ④ dancing physically exhausted young people, preventing them from walking outside at night
- ⑤ street gangs were arrested while participating in public dance competitions

65 틀린어휘 22esp22-104

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For instance, by subscribing to a music streaming service, users can enjoy unlimited music without needing physical compact discs.

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Over the last two decades, smartphones and social media have profoundly transformed the daily lives of youth. They have altered how adolescents interact, pass their leisure time, and establish connections. Social psychologist Jonathan Haidt has extensively researched the impacts of these technologies on young individuals. At present, however, he contends that an even more influential technological transition is underway. That shift is currently unfolding. Children today may grow up enveloped by AI from their earliest years. They might rely on AI not merely to search for information, but also to study, communicate, and address personal difficulties. Some individuals may even engage in conversations with AI as though it were a human friend. This characteristic sets AI apart from many preceding technologies. Haidt is concerned that AI could shape how children think, learn, and form interpersonal relationships. For this reason, he maintains that society must thoughtfully examine how young people are introduced to AI. The central question is no longer simply what AI is capable of doing, but what growing up alongside AI may do to us.

- ① the technological differences between smartphones and modern AI systems
- ② the rapid advancement of artificial intelligence technology in modern society
- ③ the way children use artificial intelligence to search for specific information
- ④ the negative effects of smartphone addiction on teenage social relationships
- ⑤ the profound influence of growing up with AI on children's psychological development

However, a major shift occurred during the expansion of hip-hop music in the 1980s.

Rap lyrics, which originated as party chants during early hip-hop, initially centered on enjoying group gatherings and boasting about the skill of the DJ or rapper. (①) Most notably, the release of *The Message* by Grandmaster Flash and the Furious Five in 1982 marked a historic milestone. (②) The powerful lyrics of this track detailed the harsh living conditions of the ghetto, recounting the tragic narrative of a boy born there who was forced to live and die as a second-class citizen. (③) Through this release, hip-hop—whose initial objective was fostering peace through social gatherings—established a new tradition of social commentary directed against inequality. (④) *The Message* became one of the most influential rap singles in history, paving the way for numerous hip-hop songs that challenged racial discrimination throughout the 1980s and 1990s. (⑤) Simultaneously, the music's rhythmic beats and rap delivery moved people to dance, ensuring that listeners engaged with the social commentary while moving to the rhythm.

70 주제 263R-023

Schoolwork can become much easier for students with the help of AI. It is capable of summarizing complex texts, coming up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. However, does achieving a superior outcome imply that a student has genuinely gained more knowledge? Haidt contends that we should not take this for granted. He highlights research indicating that relying heavily on AI might diminish real learning. When students tackle problems on their own, they are required to recall information and structure their thoughts. Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and attempting again are all part of the process. Rather than being hurdles to learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself. If AI instantly carries out the challenging mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. The task before us is to employ AI as a learning tool without letting it substitute for the learning process itself.

- ① the negative impact of heavy AI dependence on students' independent learning processes
- ② the importance of using modern technology to improve the final academic product
- ③ the psychological stress students experience when organizing complex thoughts
- ④ how students can use AI to quickly summarize difficult reading materials
- ⑤ the evolution of educational tools for generating ideas and writing essays

71 틀린어법 2412-30

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year. By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are ① frequently strictly ② defined, ③ triggered primarily by variations in day length. When conditions are favorable, the result is ④ that birds rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches ⑤ its peak. Most birds are ⑥ not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but ⑦ are also physically incapable ⑧ of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that ⑨ helps flying birds reduce body weight. The primary exception to this pattern is ⑩ finding in nomadic desert species, ⑪ which can launch their reproductive cycle within days ⑫ following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity. Additionally, various species divide the overall breeding season in distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise successive broods through a ⑬ prolonged, ⑭ demanding reproductive effort.

72 일치 2412-22

To determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it on a balance scale and compare it against a known mass, such as several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams. Determining the mass of a distant star, however, becomes far more complex. How do we measure such an object? Broadly speaking, calculating a star's mass depends heavily on various theoretical frameworks. To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then measure their respective distances from that central point. Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, to "measure" stellar mass, we observe other physical quantities and plug those figures into theoretical equations. Measurement is not a straightforward, unmediated observation of pre-existing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of established theories.

- ① Determining the mass of a binary star requires measuring other quantities and applying mathematical equations.
- ② Physical properties of celestial bodies exist independently and are easily estimated via unmediated tools.
- ③ Measuring a star's mass involves direct visual observation without reliance on abstract scientific theories.
- ④ Simple balance scales are the primary instruments utilized by modern theoretical astrophysicists.
- ⑤ Kepler's Third Law allows astronomers to determine star mass without knowing orbital periods or distances.

73 틀린어법 263R-023

Schoolwork can become much ① easier for students with the help of AI. It is capable ② of summarizing complex texts, ③ came up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. However, does achieving a superior outcome imply ④ that a student ⑤ has genuinely gained more knowledge? Haidt contends ⑥ that we should not take this for ⑦ granted. He highlights research ⑧ indicating that relying heavily on AI might diminish real learning. When students tackle problems on their own, they are ⑨ required to recall information and structure their thoughts. Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and ⑩ attempting again ⑪ are all part of the process. Rather than ⑫ being hurdles to ⑬ learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself. If AI instantly carries out the ⑭ challenging mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. The task before us ⑮ is to employ AI as a learning tool without letting it ⑯ substitute for the learning process itself.

74 불일치 2412-30

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year. By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are frequently strictly defined, triggered primarily by variations in day length. When conditions are favorable, the result is that birds rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches its peak. Most birds are not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but are also physically incapable of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that helps flying birds reduce body weight. The primary exception to this pattern is found in nomadic desert species, which can launch their reproductive cycle within days following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity. Additionally, various species divide the overall breeding season in distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise successive broods through a prolonged, demanding reproductive effort.

- ① Shrinkage of the reproductive system aids flying birds in minimizing their body weight.
- ② Songbirds residing in warm climates may raise multiple broods within a single season.
- ③ Nomadic desert species can begin their breeding cycle shortly after rainfall occurs.
- ④ Day length changes act as the primary trigger for breeding seasons in temperate birds.
- ⑤ Physiological weight reduction in desert birds

75 틀린어휘 2412-39

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76 제목 263R-026

South Korea has been actively incorporating AI into educational settings. Many individuals hold the view that early exposure to AI will get students ready for the future. They contend that students ought to learn how powerful new technologies operate before reaching adulthood. Haidt, nevertheless, strongly questions this strategy, particularly for younger children. He asserts that Korea might be moving excessively fast in implementing AI in children's education. Korean students already dedicate a substantial amount of time to studying in intensely competitive environments. According to Haidt, introducing greater reliance on AI could give rise to another issue. Children might end up with even fewer chances for independent reflection and real-world interaction. For this reason, he prompts Korea to re-evaluate AI policies directed at young students. His stance does not necessarily mean that all AI technology ought to be removed from education. Instead, it poses the question of when and how AI should be integrated into a child's learning process. Ultimately, Korean students themselves will need to choose what type of relationship they wish to establish with AI.

- ① Why Korean Students Already Spend Too Much Time in Competitive Study
- ② Why Korea Should Remove All AI Technology from Schools Immediately
- ③ The Benefits and Risks of Using Artificial Intelligence in Education
- ④ Korea Should Reconsider When and How Young Children Are Introduced to AI
- ⑤ Early AI Education Is Essential for Preparing Every Student for Adulthood

77 틀린어법 263R-021

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78 일치 2462-21

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, "Slavery resides under marble and gold." A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? Let us hope it is not.

- ① High achievements often force individuals to suppress their genuine opinions and thoughts.
- ② Attending exclusive parties is the primary method through which successful people regain their autonomy.
- ③ Societal expectations force successful individuals to compromise their identity, guaranteeing long-term happiness.
- ④ Wealthy individuals usually trade their fortunes to secure basic personal freedom.
- ⑤ Seneca argued that material wealth eventually grants complete liberation from societal duties.

79 틀린어휘 263R-023

Schoolwork can become much easier for students with the help of AI. It is ① capable of summarizing ② complex texts, coming up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. However, does ③ achieving a ④ inferior outcome imply that a student has genuinely gained more knowledge? Haidt contends that we should not take this for ⑤ granted. He highlights research indicating that relying heavily on AI might ⑥ diminish real learning. When students ⑦ tackle problems on their own, they are required to recall information and structure their thoughts. Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and attempting again are all part of the process. Rather than being hurdles to learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself. If AI instantly carries out the challenging ⑧ mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might ⑨ enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. The task before us is to employ AI as a learning tool ⑩ without letting it substitute for the learning process itself.

80 제목 263R-025

It is frequently asserted that we simply need to employ technology in a wise manner. Haidt, however, doubts whether individual self-control is sufficient. Powerful technologies are commonly engineered to capture our attention and foster continuous engagement. Resisting AI may prove even more challenging because it possesses the ability to respond personally to each user. Highly attractive AI services are compared by Haidt to extremely potent junk food. When something is designed to be difficult to resist, instructing children to exercise self-control may not resolve the issue. On these grounds, Haidt believes tech companies ought to bear greater responsibility for young users. Governments might also be required to establish regulations to protect children. This does not necessarily imply halting the progression of AI. Rather, it involves giving thought to shared responsibility along with technological innovation. Society needs to determine how much responsibility should belong to users, parents, corporations, schools, and governments. Consequently, the future of AI may rely not only on superior technology but also on improved regulations.

- ① Protecting Children from Powerful AI Requires Shared Responsibility, Not Self-Control Alone
- ② Why Governments Should Stop the Development of Highly Attractive AI
- ③ Why Attractive AI Services Can Be as Tempting as Junk Food
- ④ The Challenges of Controlling Children's Use of New Technologies
- ⑤ Parents and Children Should Take Primary Responsibility for Controlling AI Use

81 틀린어법 263R-025

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82 제목 263R-024

Not all AI chatbots are created merely to supply information. Certain AI services are engineered to interact like friends, partners, or companions. Users can discuss personal issues with them and confide private emotions. While these conversations might represent just another application of technology for adults, Haidt considers the situation to be more serious for teenagers and children. Young individuals are still forming their identities and understanding how human relationships function. An AI chatbot that remains constantly available and responsive could prove exceptionally appealing to them. For this reason, Haidt maintains that companies ought not to freely offer relationship-based AI to minors. Specifically, he recommends an age restriction of eighteen for AI chatbots designed to act as friends or romantic partners. His proposal stems from the view that children require special protection while they are developing. On the other hand, critics might question whether age limits are feasible or whether they restrict access to beneficial technology. This gives rise to a crucial debate concerning freedom, technology, and the protection of youth.

- ① Age Limits on Companion AI Completely Solve the Risks for Young Users
- ② Why All AI Services Should Be Restricted to Users over Eighteen
- ③ Why Teenagers Find Always-Available AI Companions Especially Attractive
- ④ The Effects of AI Chatbots on Human Relationships and Communication
- ⑤ Relationship-Based AI for Minors Raises a Conflict Between Access and Protection

83 문장삽입 2412-24

Consequently, the urge to upgrade takes root, frequently well before a genuine need arises.

Manufacturers skillfully implant doubt regarding the adequacy of our existing devices. (①) Suddenly, the smartphone that served as your indispensable lifeline just a year ago feels like an outdated relic, incapable of keeping up with your digital demands. (②) This ongoing cycle is not restricted solely to our personal gadgets; it extends into virtually every realm of consumer electronics, ranging from autonomous vehicles to intelligent refrigerators. (③) Every product appears to be on an unstoppable progression toward its next iteration—the upcoming generation that vows to transform your daily life. (④) What proves fascinating, or perhaps alarming, is how remarkably effective this cycle is at shaping human desire. It is not simply that we wish for the newest device; rather, we are brought to believe we cannot do without it. The boundary separating want from need becomes blurred, shifting our financial choices toward remaining up to date with current trends. (⑤) Despite every rational argument opposing this relentless upgrading, the temptation remains powerful.

84 주제 2412-24

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- ① psychological manipulation by manufacturers driving consumer desire for unnecessary upgrades
- ② technological innovations transforming modern consumer electronics industry
- ③ financial advice for budgeting personal electronic device purchases
- ④ rapid advancement of self-driving cars and smart fridges
- ⑤ growing consumer preference for digital companions over traditional items

85 틀린어휘 2412-24

Manufacturers skillfully implant doubt regarding the adequacy of our existing devices. Suddenly, the smartphone that served as your indispensable lifeline just a year ago feels like an ① outdated relic, ② incapable of keeping up with your digital demands. Consequently, the urge to upgrade takes root, frequently well before a ③ genuine need ④ arises. This ongoing cycle is not restricted solely to our personal gadgets; it ⑤ extends into virtually every realm of consumer electronics, ranging from autonomous vehicles to ⑥ ignorant refrigerators. Every product appears to be on an unstoppable progression toward its next iteration—the upcoming generation that vows to ⑦ transform your daily life. What proves fascinating, or perhaps alarming, is how remarkably effective this cycle is at shaping human desire. It is not simply that we wish for the newest device; rather, we are brought to believe we cannot do ⑧ without it. The boundary separating want from need becomes blurred, shifting our financial choices toward ⑨ remaining up to date with current trends. Despite every ⑩ rational argument opposing this relentless upgrading, the temptation remains powerful.

86 추론 2462-21

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, "[Slavery resides under marble and gold](#)." A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? Let us hope it is not.

- ① Material abundance inherently leads to high social status without imposing any personal burdens.
- ② Wealthy individuals are frequently subjected to literal physical confinement in modern luxury homes.
- ③ Extreme material wealth often conceals severe restrictions on one's personal liberty.
- ④ Historical slaves utilized precious metals and architecture to buy back their personal freedom.
- ⑤ The pursuit of luxury naturally transforms individuals into corrupt leaders who control others.

87 틀린어휘 263R-021

Over the last two decades, smartphones and social media have profoundly transformed the daily lives of youth. They have ① altered how adolescents interact, pass their leisure time, and ② establish connections. Social psychologist Jonathan Haidt has extensively researched the impacts of these technologies on young individuals. At present, however, he ③ contends that an even more influential technological transition is underway. That ④ shift is currently unfolding. Children today may grow up enveloped by AI from their earliest years. They might rely on AI not merely to search for information, but also to study, communicate, and address personal difficulties. Some individuals may even engage in conversations with AI ⑤ as though it were a human friend. This characteristic sets AI ⑥ apart from many preceding technologies. Haidt is concerned that AI could shape how children think, learn, and form ⑦ interpersonal relationships. For this reason, he ⑧ abandons that society must thoughtfully examine how young people are introduced to AI. The ⑨ central question is no longer simply what AI is ⑩ capable of doing, but what growing up alongside AI may do to us.

88 주제 2412-30

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year. By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are frequently strictly defined, triggered primarily by variations in day length. When conditions are favorable, the result is that birds rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches its peak. Most birds are not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but are also physically incapable of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that helps flying birds reduce body weight. The primary exception to this pattern is found in nomadic desert species, which can launch their reproductive cycle within days following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity. Additionally, various species divide the overall breeding season in distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise successive broods through a prolonged, demanding reproductive effort.

- ① unique nesting habits of House Sparrows in warm climatic conditions
- ② weight reduction strategies of flying birds during non-breeding seasons
- ③ impact of global climate change on songbird population dynamics
- ④ ecological diversity and distribution of avian species across global climate zones
- ⑤ environmental factors regulating breeding seasons and physiological adaptations in birds

89 순서 22esp22-206

While the subscription economy offers numerous advantages, several disadvantages also warrant consideration.

- (A) It is essential to subscribe only to services that are truly required and to avoid enrolling in redundant ones. Closely connected to overconsumption is the financial burden that subscriptions can impose. Although individual subscription costs may appear modest, enrolling in numerous services can accumulate rapidly.
- (B) Consequently, one must evaluate these costs carefully to prevent financial strain. Systematically reviewing and terminating unnecessary subscriptions can prove beneficial.
- (C) One primary concern is the potential for overconsumption. The convenience and easy access provided by subscription models enable consumers to sign up for multiple services and consume a high volume of content or goods. This can lead to excessive usage and subscribing to more services than are genuinely necessary.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

90 주제 2412-39

According to Hobbes, human beings are incapable of acting morally in the state of nature while driven by their instinct for self-preservation. Consequently, a place where morality and moral freedom begin to be applied emerges only with the appearance of a sovereign power, namely the state. Hobbes therefore depicts the natural condition of mankind as one in which life is "solitary, poor, nasty, brutish and short." This implies that when individuals exist without a centralized authority to govern them all, they are effectively in a state of war. In other words, Hobbes, who held that humans are not naturally social or political creatures, asserts that without such authority, individuals in the state of nature remain "antisocial and rational based on their selfishness." Furthermore, because society is not a natural occurrence and no innate force draws people together, Hobbes argues that mutual affection is not what unites them into a community. Instead, it is a shared fear of men's current and future circumstances that brings them together, as this fear stems from a common motivation among individuals in the state of nature.

- ① The natural instinct of human beings to form peaceful communities
- ② The role of mutual affection in establishing early human societies
- ③ The role of mutual fear and sovereign power in establishing morality and society according to Hobbes
- ④ How Hobbes views the moral liberty of individuals in natural settings
- ⑤ A comparative analysis of political systems in modern state theory

91 틀린어법 2412-24

Manufacturers skillfully implant doubt regarding the adequacy of our ① existing devices. Suddenly, the smartphone ② that served as your indispensable lifeline just a year ago feels like an ③ outdated relic, incapable ④ of keeping up with your ⑤ digital demands. Consequently, the urge to upgrade takes root, frequently well before a genuine need ⑥ arises. This ongoing cycle is not restricted solely to our personal gadgets; it extends into virtually every realm of consumer electronics, ⑦ ranging from autonomous vehicles ⑧ to intelligent refrigerators. Every product appears ⑨ to be on an unstoppable progression toward its next iteration—the upcoming generation that vows to transform your daily life. What proves ⑩ fascinating, or perhaps alarming, ⑪ is how ⑫ remarkably effective this cycle is at shaping human desire. It is not simply ⑬ that we wish for the ⑭ newest device; rather, we are ⑮ brought to believe we cannot do without it. The boundary ⑯ separated by want from need becomes ⑰ blurred, shifting our financial choices toward remaining up to date with current trends. ⑱ Despite every rational argument opposing this relentless upgrading, the temptation remains ⑲ powerful.

92 일치 2462-37

Purchasing a television constitutes current consumption. It brings us immediate happiness today but does nothing to increase our wealth tomorrow. To be sure, money spent on a television keeps assembly workers employed at the electronics factory. However, if that same money were invested instead, it would generate employment elsewhere—such as for scientists in a research lab or workers on a construction site—while simultaneously making us wealthier over the long term. Consider higher education as an illustration. Sending students to college creates employment for professors. Allocating that same money to buy luxury sports cars for high school graduates would generate jobs for automotive workers instead. The fundamental distinction between these two cases is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. Thus, paying college tuition represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

- ① College tuition is classified as consumption because it generates immediate job opportunities for professors.
- ② Buying luxury sports cars represents a productive investment that enhances lifelong worker productivity.
- ③ Purchasing a television supports current factory workers but does not add to future wealth.
- ④ Investing money fails to create immediate employment compared to purchasing consumer electronics.
- ⑤ Immediate consumption is economically superior because it guarantees long-term national wealth.

93 문장삽입 263R-024

For this reason, Haidt maintains that companies ought not to freely offer relationship-based AI to minors.

Not all AI chatbots are created merely to supply information. (①) Certain AI services are engineered to interact like friends, partners, or companions. (②) Users can discuss personal issues with them and confide private emotions. (③) While these conversations might represent just another application of technology for adults, Haidt considers the situation to be more serious for teenagers and children. Young individuals are still forming their identities and understanding how human relationships function. An AI chatbot that remains constantly available and responsive could prove exceptionally appealing to them. (④) Specifically, he recommends an age restriction of eighteen for AI chatbots designed to act as friends or romantic partners. His proposal stems from the view that children require special protection while they are developing. On the other hand, critics might question whether age limits are feasible or whether they restrict access to beneficial technology. (⑤) This gives rise to a crucial debate concerning freedom, technology, and the protection of youth.

94 불일치 2412-33

Some observers contend that there exists a unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly isolated from all other activities involving books. Is reading truly that straightforward? The most constructive approach is to view reading as a loosely interconnected set of behaviors linked together by family resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase—without sharing a single universal defining feature. Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are bound to fail because no consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place. The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, the more edge cases surface to stretch the concept's adaptable limits. Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a common forum, one that underscores the challenges faced by anyone attempting to define where reading begins and ends. Such an effort advances toward understanding reading as a broad spectrum capable of encompassing diverse reading practices.

- ① The concept of reading is best viewed as a set of behaviors linked by family resemblances.
- ② Accepting reading as a spectrum allows for accommodating diverse reading activities.
- ③ Analyzing edge cases of reading reveals the flexible and expansive nature of the term.
- ④ Attempts to draw a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are bound to fail.
- ⑤ Philosophical analysis of Ludwig Wittgenstein's literary theories

95 틀린어법 263R-024

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96 주제 263R-022

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals. These connections play a critical role in their social and emotional growth. However, AI might introduce an entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a child who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. The AI listens attentively, recalls past interactions, and consistently responds to the child. Meanwhile, the child's parents might occasionally be occupied with their own smartphones or computers. Haidt expresses concern that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. This possibility is particularly worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially. Genuine human relationships involve conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and compromise. An AI engineered to satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could alter how children learn to bond with real people.

- ① the emotional benefits and risks of interacting with AI systems daily
- ② how an AI-powered toy carefully listens and remembers previous conversations
- ③ the ways modern parents use computer technologies to entertain their children
- ④ the potential risks of AI replacing real human relationships for developing children
- ⑤ the importance of strong emotional relationships in early childhood development

97 틀린어휘 263R-024

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Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire.

(A) The animal's inclination to occupy one area over the other is measured both prior to and following its experiences in the two locations. A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time to obtain a reward indicates that it found the experience enjoyable and is attempting to repeat it.

(B) Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely different condition, typically one where no event occurs. The two environments are crafted to be distinctly different, making it as straightforward as possible for the animal to link each area with its corresponding experience.

(C) Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site where the stimulus was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as unpleasant. For instance, mice suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication administered to relieve pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. This outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively desired the morphine.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

For this reason, he prompts Korea to re-evaluate AI policies directed at young students.

South Korea has been actively incorporating AI into educational settings. (①) Many individuals hold the view that early exposure to AI will get students ready for the future. They contend that students ought to learn how powerful new technologies operate before reaching adulthood. Haidt, nevertheless, strongly questions this strategy, particularly for younger children. (②) He asserts that Korea might be moving excessively fast in implementing AI in children's education. Korean students already dedicate a substantial amount of time to studying in intensely competitive environments. (③) According to Haidt, introducing greater reliance on AI could give rise to another issue. Children might end up with even fewer chances for independent reflection and real-world interaction. (④) His stance does not necessarily mean that all AI technology ought to be removed from education. Instead, it poses the question of when and how AI should be integrated into a child's learning process. (⑤) Ultimately, Korean students themselves will need to choose what type of relationship they wish to establish with AI.

According to Hobbes, human beings are incapable of acting morally in the state of nature while driven by their instinct for self-preservation. Consequently, a place where morality and moral freedom begin to be applied emerges only with the appearance of a sovereign power; namely the state. Hobbes therefore depicts the natural condition of mankind as one in which life is "solitary, poor, nasty, brutish and short." This implies that when individuals exist without a centralized authority to govern them all, they are effectively in a state of war. In other words, Hobbes, who held that humans are not naturally social or political creatures, asserts that without such authority, individuals in the state of nature remain "antisocial and rational based on their selfishness." Furthermore, because society is not a natural occurrence and no innate force draws people together, Hobbes argues that mutual affection is not what unites them into a community. Instead, it is a shared fear of men's current and future circumstances that brings them together, as this fear stems from a common motivation among individuals in the state of nature.

- ① Hobbes's View of Human Nature and the Origins of Society
- ② Human Beings Become Moral as Soon as They Recognize Their Selfish Instincts
- ③ For Hobbes, Fear and Sovereign Power Transform Natural Conflict into Society
- ④ Why Mutual Affection Naturally Leads Individuals to Form Political Communities
- ⑤ Why Hobbes Described Life without Government as Solitary and Brutish

We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even when they offer no practical utility.

(A) In one experiment, researchers asked students to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding that they could keep one poster as a token of appreciation for participating. Five minutes later, the students were informed that the poster ranked third was no longer available.

(B) Post offices no longer honor those outdated stamps, banks refuse to accept the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. Yet these issues are merely secondary; the true appeal lies in their limited supply.

(C) They were then requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was judged to be the most beautiful of all. Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is taken away from us, we instantly consider it far more appealing.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

102 제목 2412-24

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- ① Why Newer Devices Always Provide Essential Improvements over Older Models
- ② Why Older Smartphones Quickly Seem Unable to Meet Digital Demands
- ③ Consumers Upgrade Mainly Because Their Current Devices Stop Working Properly
- ④ The Rapid Development of Modern Consumer Electronics
- ⑤ Manufacturers Turn Wants into Perceived Needs to Sustain the Upgrade Cycle

103 틀린어휘 263R-026

South Korea has been actively incorporating AI into educational settings. Many individuals hold the view that early ① exposure to AI will get students ready for the future. They ② contend that students ought to learn how powerful ③ new technologies operate before reaching adulthood. Haidt, nevertheless, strongly questions this strategy, particularly for younger children. He ④ asserts that Korea might be moving excessively fast in implementing AI in children's education. Korean students already dedicate a ⑤ substantial amount of time to studying in intensely ⑥ competitive environments. According to Haidt, introducing greater reliance on AI could give rise to another issue. Children might end up with even fewer chances for ⑦ independent reflection and real-world interaction. For this reason, he prompts Korea to re-evaluate AI policies directed at young students. His stance does not necessarily mean that all AI technology ought to be ⑧ removed from education. Instead, it poses the question of when and how AI should be integrated into a ⑨ child's learning process. Ultimately, Korean students themselves will need to choose what type of relationship they wish to ⑩ abolish with AI.

104 제목 2412-30

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year. By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are frequently strictly defined, triggered primarily by variations in day length. When conditions are favorable, the result is that birds rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches its peak. Most birds are not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but are also physically incapable of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that helps flying birds reduce body weight. The primary exception to this pattern is found in nomadic desert species, which can launch their reproductive cycle within days following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity. Additionally, various species divide the overall breeding season in distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise successive broods through a prolonged, demanding reproductive effort.

- ① The Seasonal Breeding Patterns of Birds in Different Regions
- ② Why Birds in Warm Climates Always Raise More Broods Than Other Birds
- ③ Why Temperate Birds Usually Breed When Day Length Begins to Change
- ④ Most Birds Can Breed at Any Time but Choose Seasons with More Food
- ⑤ Bird Breeding Seasons Track Environmental Opportunities Through Flexible Reproductive Timing

105 틀린어법 263R-026

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106 제목 263R-021

Over the last two decades, smartphones and social media have profoundly transformed the daily lives of youth. They have altered how adolescents interact, pass their leisure time, and establish connections. Social psychologist Jonathan Haidt has extensively researched the impacts of these technologies on young individuals. At present, however, he contends that an even more influential technological transition is underway. That shift is currently unfolding. Children today may grow up enveloped by AI from their earliest years. They might rely on AI not merely to search for information, but also to study, communicate, and address personal difficulties. Some individuals may even engage in conversations with AI as though it were a human friend. This characteristic sets AI apart from many preceding technologies. Haidt is concerned that AI could shape how children think, learn, and form interpersonal relationships. For this reason, he maintains that society must thoughtfully examine how young people are introduced to AI. The central question is no longer simply what AI is capable of doing, but what growing up alongside AI may do to us.

- ① AI Will Affect Children Mainly by Improving Their Access to Information
- ② How Children May Use AI to Search for Information and Study
- ③ Growing Up with AI May Reshape How Children Think, Learn, and Relate
- ④ The Possible Effects of New Technologies on Young People's Lives
- ⑤ Why AI Will Inevitably Replace Parents and Friends in Children's Lives

107 틀린어휘 263R-025

It is frequently asserted that we simply need to employ technology in a wise manner. Haidt, however, doubts whether individual self-control is ① sufficient. Powerful technologies are commonly engineered to ② capture our attention and foster continuous engagement. Resisting AI may prove even more challenging because it ③ possesses the ability to respond personally to each user. Highly ④ attractive AI services are compared by Haidt to extremely potent junk food. When something is designed to be difficult to ⑤ resist, instructing children to exercise self-control may not ⑥ refuse the issue. On these grounds, Haidt believes tech companies ought to bear greater responsibility for young users. Governments might also be required to ⑦ establish regulations to ⑧ protect children. This does not necessarily imply halting the progression of AI. Rather, it involves giving thought to shared responsibility along with technological innovation. Society needs to determine how much responsibility should belong to users, parents, corporations, schools, and governments. Consequently, the future of AI may rely not only on ⑨ superior technology but also on ⑩ improved regulations.

108 제목 263R-022

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals. These connections play a critical role in their social and emotional growth. However, AI might introduce an entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a child who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. The AI listens attentively, recalls past interactions, and consistently responds to the child. Meanwhile, the child's parents might occasionally be occupied with their own smartphones or computers. Haidt expresses concern that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. This possibility is particularly worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially. Genuine human relationships involve conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and compromise. An AI engineered to satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could alter how children learn to bond with real people.

- ① Why AI Companions Are More Supportive Than Parents and Human Friends
- ② Emotional Attachment to AI May Alter How Children Learn Human Relationships
- ③ AI Can Comfort Children Without Affecting Their Ability to Form Human Relationships
- ④ How AI-Powered Toys Can Remember and Respond to Children's Conversations
- ⑤ The Role of Relationships in Children's Emotional and Social Development

109 문장삽입 263R-025

On these grounds, Haidt believes tech companies ought to bear greater responsibility for young users.

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110 일치 22esp22-102

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together. Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as block parties. What ultimately developed from these gatherings was a dynamic youth movement called hip-hop culture, built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti. It replaced gang conflict with music, dance, visual art, and style. The most sought-after block parties were organized by DJ Kool Herc, who is considered the founding father of hip-hop. Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music owing to his innovative DJing technique. During this event, utilizing two turntables simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and switched between them to lengthen the instrumental drum section known as the break. Dancers no longer had to stop moving when a record ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

- ① The break section was removed from records to make changing LP discs faster.
- ② The cessation of gang warfare allowed former rival groups to host joint block parties.
- ③ DJ Kool Herc created breakdancing to calm down violent conflicts during block parties.
- ④ Hip-hop culture was established before rival gangs agreed to sign a peace treaty.
- ⑤ Block parties were originally organized by police officers to enforce peace treaties.

111 제목 22esp22-207

In addition, the subscription economy can cause environmental pollution. The recurring shipment of products enclosed in packaging materials increases the reliance on disposable containers, which negatively impacts the environment. Utilizing eco-friendly packaging materials and choosing reusable options can help mitigate this problem. Despite these potential drawbacks, subscription services have become deeply integrated into daily life, and a growing number of enterprises are adopting the subscription economy model. It is anticipated that innovative subscription services will continue to expand into new sectors. Consequently, we must gain a clearer understanding of the subscription economy and become thoughtful consumers who select only the services we genuinely need.

- ① Consumers Should Avoid Subscription Services Because They Harm the Environment
- ② The Future Growth and Environmental Impact of Subscription Services
- ③ Why Reusable Packaging Can Reduce Waste from Subscription Deliveries
- ④ As Subscriptions Expand, Consumers Must Balance Convenience with Environmental Responsibility
- ⑤ Why Subscription Businesses Should Stop Delivering Physical Products

112 주제 2615-1606

Public goods are frequently undervalued in markets, which serve private goods efficiently but rarely function for public goods. For example, aquatic environments like wetlands yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. These advantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and are supplied without cost through the natural operation of wetlands. Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, leaving them without an explicit price tag. Nevertheless, the true worth of these services is far from zero. Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits obtained by those who utilize them. This collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a visible market price. The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all beneficiaries highlights the extent to which markets undervalue such public goods.

- ① The discrepancy between the market price and actual total value of environmental public goods
- ② The role of private markets in managing diverse aquatic species ecosystems
- ③ Why public goods should be converted into private ownership models
- ④ Methods for establishing competitive market prices for wetland tourism
- ⑤ The environmental degradation of wetlands caused by market transactions

113 주제 22esp22-204

Additionally, consumers appreciate adaptability and convenience. Under certain subscription frameworks, users can access a diverse array of products or services for a set fee. In alternative models, they can flexibly adjust subscription costs by selecting only the specific services or products they require at any given time. This allows them to either enjoy a broad selection for a fixed rate or save money by choosing strictly what they truly need. Furthermore, subscription services are made easily accessible through online platforms, enhancing consumer convenience. With merely a few clicks, users can obtain services or physical products. Should they wish to update their device model, they can readily do so. Anyone seeking an upgrade can acquire it and experience the latest models.

- ① how fixed costs reduce profitability for internet-based service providers
- ② strategies for hardware manufacturers to increase device sales turnover
- ③ flexible pricing models and enhanced accessibility in subscription platforms
- ④ traditional procedures for returning used physical goods via postal options
- ⑤ the legal challenges of changing online subscription contract conditions

114 주제 2462-40

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet. As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

- ① psychological impact of social media on intensifying global peer envy
- ② psychological mechanism of directing envy toward highly similar individuals
- ③ historical evolution of professional competition among models and writers
- ④ fundamental differences between physical reactions of envy and jealousy
- ⑤ Aristotle's philosophical contributions to understanding human emotional structures

115 주제 22esp22-207

In addition, the subscription economy can cause environmental pollution. The recurring shipment of products enclosed in packaging materials increases the reliance on disposable containers, which negatively impacts the environment. Utilizing eco-friendly packaging materials and choosing reusable options can help mitigate this problem. Despite these potential drawbacks, subscription services have become deeply integrated into daily life, and a growing number of enterprises are adopting the subscription economy model. It is anticipated that innovative subscription services will continue to expand into new sectors. Consequently, we must gain a clearer understanding of the subscription economy and become thoughtful consumers who select only the services we genuinely need.

- ① methods for developing eco-friendly delivery packaging for subscriptions
- ② environmental risks and ongoing market expansion of subscription services
- ③ technological advancements in reducing disposable plastic waste production
- ④ economic strategies for businesses to dominate global retail platforms
- ⑤ environmental concerns, expansion potential, and wise consumption in subscription services

116 순서 22esp22-101

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum following an economic downturn.

(A) We've got to make this town a better place to live." Influenced by these new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to resolve disputes. This occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, where hip-hop music originated as a central component of a new peace movement established by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most dominant musical genres, is truly fascinating. Let's explore it.

(B) Shops close down and property owners abandon the area, leaving it filled with deserted buildings. Even during winter, there is no heating, and only those unable to move elsewhere stay behind. Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner.

(C) One day, however, a gang called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, "This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore."

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

117 제목 22esp22-204

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- ① Consumers Prefer Subscription Models Mainly Because They Offer Fixed Prices
- ② How Consumers Can Upgrade Their Devices through Subscription Services
- ③ Why Subscription Services Always Cost Less Than Buying Products Directly
- ④ Subscription Models Attract Consumers Through Flexibility, Convenience, and Easy Access
- ⑤ The Convenience of Using Modern Online Subscription Platforms

118 주제 2412-33

Some observers contend that there exists a unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly isolated from all other activities involving books. Is reading truly that straightforward? The most constructive approach is to view reading as a loosely interconnected set of behaviors linked together by family resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase—without sharing a single universal defining feature. Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are bound to fail because no consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place. The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, the more edge cases surface to stretch the concept's adaptable limits. Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a common forum, one that underscores the challenges faced by anyone attempting to define where reading begins and ends. Such an effort advances toward understanding reading as a broad spectrum capable of encompassing diverse reading practices.

- ① conception of reading as a spectrum of behaviors without a single defining feature
- ② categorical distinction between reading literature and digital scrolling
- ③ historical evolution of printed books and human literacy practices
- ④ Ludwig Wittgenstein's philosophical contributions to linguistic semantics
- ⑤ comprehensive strategies for improving reading comprehension in academic settings

119 문장삽입 263R-021

For this reason, he maintains that society must thoughtfully examine how young people are introduced to AI.

Over the last two decades, smartphones and social media have profoundly transformed the daily lives of youth. (①) They have altered how adolescents interact, pass their leisure time, and establish connections. Social psychologist Jonathan Haidt has extensively researched the impacts of these technologies on young individuals. (②) At present, however, he contends that an even more influential technological transition is underway. That shift is currently unfolding. (③) Children today may grow up enveloped by AI from their earliest years. They might rely on AI not merely to search for information, but also to study, communicate, and address personal difficulties. (④) Some individuals may even engage in conversations with AI as though it were a human friend. This characteristic sets AI apart from many preceding technologies. Haidt is concerned that AI could shape how children think, learn, and form interpersonal relationships. (⑤) The central question is no longer simply what AI is capable of doing, but what growing up alongside AI may do to us.

120 제목 263R-023

Schoolwork can become much easier for students with the help of AI. It is capable of summarizing complex texts, coming up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. However, does achieving a superior outcome imply that a student has genuinely gained more knowledge? Haidt contends that we should not take this for granted. He highlights research indicating that relying heavily on AI might diminish real learning. When students tackle problems on their own, they are required to recall information and structure their thoughts. Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and attempting again are all part of the process. Rather than being hurdles to learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself. If AI instantly carries out the challenging mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. The task before us is to employ AI as a learning tool without letting it substitute for the learning process itself.

- ① Why AI Makes Students More Creative by Eliminating Difficult Tasks
- ② AI Can Improve Student Output While Weakening the Learning Process
- ③ How AI Helps Students Write Better Essays in Less Time
- ④ Better AI-Generated Schoolwork Shows That Students Have Learned More
- ⑤ The Growing Role of Artificial Intelligence in Modern Education

121 순서 22esp22-107

Presented to the UN on May 16th, 2001, "The HipHop Declaration of Peace" formally acknowledged hip-hop as an international culture of peace.

(A) This achievement indicated that hip-hop, which originated as underground music, had transformed into a major art form comparable to classical music. If hip-hop music was born as part of a cultural movement for peace in the 1970s, today a growing number of people view it as a potent medium to express oneself, oppose injustice, drive change through social messages, and remain deeply connected to music and others.

(B) With its distinctive and expanding appeal, hip-hop continues to thrive as a global phenomenon.

(C) This document recalls hip-hop's founding mission to restore peace to the Bronx, signifying global respect for hip-hop history. Another pivotal milestone occurred in 2018 when hip-hop artist Kendrick Lamar was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for Music.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

122 일치 22esp22-106

Furthermore, a new perspective gradually emerged in hip-hop lyrics, one that can be summarized as "respect." Hip-hop music began to serve as a medium for expressing mutual respect, particularly toward hip-hop pioneers. To rappers, these pioneers represent heroes who overcame adversity and injustice to build a new culture and musical style. Consequently, many in the hip-hop community agree that one cannot show too much respect for these figures. The phrase "something from nothing," frequently employed to summarize the genre's history, also conveys admiration for early hip-hoppers who created a new culture in the ghetto despite extremely limited resources. Rappers also proudly shared the feeling that they, and perhaps their audience as well, had endured and survived hardships similar to those faced by the pioneers. This explains why the message of respect encompasses both personal self-worth and respect for others. The significance of respect in hip-hop cannot be overemphasized.

- ① Early hip-hoppers had access to abundant professional resources when creating the genre.
- ② Modern rappers believe that early pioneers receive far too much respect from audiences.
- ③ The concept of respect in hip-hop is focused exclusively on individual self-aggrandizement.
- ④ Hip-hop pioneers are revered by modern rappers for overcoming adversity to create a new culture.
- ⑤ Rappers feel distant from early pioneers because their modern struggles are completely different.

123 틀린어법 22esp22-202

Without doubt, the subscription economy represents a ① widely adopted economic model today, and Jiyun actively participates in it. The concept of subscription-based business models ② is not a recent innovation. Initially, it was ③ confined to daily goods like milk and newspapers. Today, however, these business models ④ have expanded across all sectors, including entertainment, technology, fashion, education, and many others. Rather than ⑤ creating a single hit product ⑥ intending a one-time purchase, companies now ⑦ focus on delivering continuous value, such as fresh content, ⑧ enhanced personalization, or ⑨ ongoing access to updates. Customers pay for these ongoing benefits through a recurring subscription. The subscription economy offers mutual advantages for both providers and consumers. Companies can secure predictable revenue and ⑩ foster customer loyalty by adopting the subscription framework. From the consumers' standpoint, they can access a broader array of choices and ⑪ personalized experiences. They can also economize through flexible subscription plans. The expansion of the subscription economy is tightly linked to two primary catalysts: shifting consumer trends and the rapid advancement of online platforms.

124 주제 2412-23

Neuroscientific discoveries indicate that pain and pleasure are generated and processed within the exact same brain region. Our bodies continuously strive to maintain homeostasis, defined as the state of balance among bodily functions. Without effective compensatory mechanisms capable of cushioning potential extremes, human survival would be impossible. Pleasure and pain resemble two sides of a single coin; they appear to operate together, relying heavily on one another to preserve equilibrium. If you imagine pleasure and pain as opposing ends of a balance scale, it becomes easy to see that as one side rises, the other must correspondingly drop. Many are familiar with the phrase, "No pain, no gain." According to psychiatrist Dr. Anna Lembke, there may be genuine truth in those words. She suggests that our persistent attempts to avoid discomfort actually leave us feeling even more miserable. This occurs because pain serves as an essential component in preserving a neutral state, and allowing ourselves to experience it ultimately resets our internal scale back to balance.

- ① importance of psychological resilience in escaping state of misery
- ② neurological mechanisms regulating human bodily functions and brain activity
- ③ medical applications of Dr. Anna Lembke's research on pain
- ④ interdependent relationship between pain and pleasure in maintaining neurological balance
- ⑤ role of compensatory mechanisms in enhancing human brain capacity

125 문장삽입 22esp22-202

They can also economize through flexible subscription plans.

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126 제목 22esp22-105

Rap lyrics, which originated as party chants during early hip-hop, initially centered on enjoying group gatherings and boasting about the skill of the DJ or rapper. However, a major shift occurred during the expansion of hip-hop music in the 1980s. Most notably, the release of *The Message* by Grandmaster Flash and the Furious Five in 1982 marked a historic milestone. The powerful lyrics of this track detailed the harsh living conditions of the ghetto, recounting the tragic narrative of a boy born there who was forced to live and die as a second-class citizen. Through this release, hip-hop—whose initial objective was fostering peace through social gatherings—established a new tradition of social commentary directed against inequality. *The Message* became one of the most influential rap singles in history, paving the way for numerous hip-hop songs that challenged racial discrimination throughout the 1980s and 1990s. Simultaneously, the music's rhythmic beats and rap delivery moved people to dance, ensuring that listeners engaged with the social commentary while moving to the rhythm.

- ① Hip-Hop Evolved from Party Entertainment into Rhythmic Social Criticism
- ② Why Socially Critical Rap Replaced Dancing and Rhythmic Entertainment
- ③ The Changing Themes of Hip-Hop Lyrics during the 1980s
- ④ Hip-Hop Abandoned Its Original Focus on Enjoyment Once Social Criticism Emerged
- ⑤ How *The Message* Described the Harsh Life of a Boy in the Ghetto

127 틀린어휘 22esp22-202

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128 일치 2412-23

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- ① Pleasure and pain are processed within the identical region of the human brain.
- ② Psychological strategies for completely eliminating physical and emotional pain
- ③ Dr. Anna Lembke's medical research on pain management
- ④ Neural mechanisms of pleasure processing without involving pain response
- ⑤ Broad biological functions governing human survival and adaptation

129 주제 22esp22-103

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track. People would gather in circles to demonstrate their individual dance talent during the break. Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming a street dance battle culture. DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over instrumental segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" This marked the origins of rapping or MCing. When DJs found it difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. This distinct responsibility evolved into MCing.

- ① the emergence of breakdancing culture and MCing from musical breaks
- ② the creation of B-Boys through formal street dance competitions
- ③ the strict separation of dance crews from musical performers
- ④ the transition of DJs from turntables to professional rap recording
- ⑤ the role of rhythmic shouting in replacing physical dancing

130 순서 22esp22-202

Without doubt, the subscription economy represents a widely adopted economic model today, and Jiyun actively participates in it.

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(B) The concept of subscription-based business models is not a recent innovation. Initially, it was confined to daily goods like milk and newspapers. Today, however, these business models have expanded across all sectors, including entertainment, technology, fashion, education, and many others.

(C) Rather than creating a single hit product intended for a one-time purchase, companies now focus on delivering continuous value, such as fresh content, enhanced personalization, or ongoing access to updates. Customers pay for these ongoing benefits through a recurring subscription. The subscription economy offers mutual advantages for both providers and consumers.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

131 순서 22esp22-205

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease.

(A) In the past, people had no choice but to visit a cinema or buy physical copies of the videos they wished to view. Today, anyone who wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment.

(B) Users appreciate having a variety of choices along with customization, which subsequently boosts their overall satisfaction. Services such as recommending personalized clothing options based on past purchases or suggesting videos aligned with their viewing history bring consumers immense satisfaction.

(C) Simultaneously, these platforms allow businesses to deliver customized products and services to users effortlessly. By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and spending patterns.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

132 제목 2412-23

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- ① Pain Is Beneficial Because It Completely Eliminates Feelings of Misery
- ② The Relationship Between Pleasure, Pain, and Bodily Homeostasis
- ③ Pain Helps Restore the Balance That Excessive Pursuit of Pleasure Can Disturb
- ④ Why Pain and Pleasure Are Processed in the Same Brain Area
- ⑤ Why Seeking More Pleasure Always Produces an Equal Amount of Physical Pain

133 순서 22esp22-106

Furthermore, a new perspective gradually emerged in hip-hop lyrics, one that can be summarized as "respect."

(A) Consequently, many in the hip-hop community agree that one cannot show too much respect for these figures. The phrase "something from nothing," frequently employed to summarize the genre's history, also conveys admiration for early hip-hoppers who created a new culture in the ghetto despite extremely limited resources.

(B) Hip-hop music began to serve as a medium for expressing mutual respect, particularly toward hip-hop pioneers. To rappers, these pioneers represent heroes who overcame adversity and injustice to build a new culture and musical style.

(C) Rappers also proudly shared the feeling that they, and perhaps their audience as well, had endured and survived hardships similar to those faced by the pioneers. This explains why the message of respect encompasses both personal self-worth and respect for others. The significance of respect in hip-hop cannot be overemphasized.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

134 주제 2462-37

Purchasing a television constitutes current consumption. It brings us immediate happiness today but does nothing to increase our wealth tomorrow. To be sure, money spent on a television keeps assembly workers employed at the electronics factory. However, if that same money were invested instead, it would generate employment elsewhere—such as for scientists in a research lab or workers on a construction site—while simultaneously making us wealthier over the long term. Consider higher education as an illustration. Sending students to college creates employment for professors. Allocating that same money to buy luxury sports cars for high school graduates would generate jobs for automotive workers instead. The fundamental distinction between these two cases is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. Thus, paying college tuition represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

- ① reasons why buying modern electronics creates immediate employment opportunities
- ② long-term socio-economic benefits of subsidizing higher education for all citizens
- ③ comparative analysis of job growth speed in auto manufacturing vs higher education
- ④ role of consumer spending in maintaining global economic stability during recessions
- ⑤ structural economic difference between immediate consumption and productive investment

135 순서 2462-37

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(C) The fundamental distinction between these two cases is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. Thus, paying college tuition represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

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136 볼일치 22esp22-205

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease. In the past, people had no choice but to visit a cinema or buy physical copies of the videos they wished to view. Today, anyone who wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment. Simultaneously, these platforms allow businesses to deliver customized products and services to users effortlessly. By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and spending patterns. Users appreciate having a variety of choices along with customization, which subsequently boosts their overall satisfaction. Services such as recommending personalized clothing options based on past purchases or suggesting videos aligned with their viewing history bring consumers immense satisfaction.

- ① Personalized recommendations based on view or purchase history increase customer satisfaction.
- ② Consumers today still must physically visit theaters to watch any newly released movie.
- ③ Media subscription platforms allow users to watch movies without buying physical videos.
- ④ Digital devices like smartphones have made accessing media content remarkably easy.
- ⑤ Companies utilize AI and big data to analyze users' preferences and consumption patterns.

137 틀린어법 22esp22-101

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum ① following an economic downturn. Shops close down and property owners abandon the area, ② leave it filled ③ with ④ deserted buildings. Even ⑤ during winter, there is no ⑥ heating, and only those unable to move elsewhere ⑦ stay behind. Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner. One day, however, a gang ⑧ called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and ⑨ persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore. We've got to make this town a better place ⑩ to live. ⑪ Influenced by these new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to resolve disputes. This ⑫ occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, ⑬ where hip-hop music originated as a central component of a new peace movement ⑭ established by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most dominant musical genres, ⑮ is truly ⑯ fascinating. Let's explore it.

138 제목 2615-1606

Public goods are frequently undervalued in markets, which serve private goods efficiently but rarely function for public goods. For example, aquatic environments like wetlands yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. These advantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and are supplied without cost through the natural operation of wetlands. Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, leaving them without an explicit price tag. Nevertheless, the true worth of these services is far from zero. Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits obtained by those who utilize them. This collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a visible market price. The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all beneficiaries highlights the extent to which markets undervalue such public goods.

- ① How Markets Determine the Value of Environmental Resources
- ② Why Wetlands Provide Free Recreation, Tourism, and Water Purification
- ③ Why Public Goods Should Always Be Sold through Private Markets
- ④ Wetland Services Have No Price Because They Provide No Economic Value
- ⑤ Public Goods Can Have Great Value Despite Having No Market Price

139 틀린어휘 22esp22-101

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum following an economic downturn. Shops close down and property owners ① abandon the area, leaving it filled with deserted buildings. Even during winter, there is no heating, and only those ② unable to move elsewhere stay ③ behind. Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner. One day, however, a gang called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for ④ providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, "This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore. We've got to make this town a ⑤ better place to live." Influenced by these ⑥ new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to ⑦ resolve disputes. This occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, where hip-hop music originated as a ⑧ central component of a new peace movement ⑨ abolished by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most ⑩ dominant musical genres, is truly fascinating. Let's explore it.

140 제목 22esp22-104

Where, then, did the term hip-hop originate? Although its precise origin remains unknown, the word hip-hop is said to have been used for the first time at a block party. A young man attending the party was preparing to enter the military. His close friend, who served as the party's MC, jokingly reminded him that his freedom was coming to an end by marching across the stage like a drill instructor to the beat while chanting, "Hip-hop-hip-hop-hip-hop." The audience was delighted. Subsequently, MCs began testing new lines at parties, such as "Hip, hop, hippy to the hippy hop-bop," and "I said a hip-hop, a hibbit, hibby-dibby, hip-hip-hop and you don't stop." Such phrases became a standard feature of rap and were included in the lyrics of *Rapper's Delight* (1979), the first commercial hip-hop record, which achieved immediate success. The new musical style and dance form spread rapidly. During the 1980s, New York experienced a sharp and unexplained drop in violence. When a police officer asked a young boy on the street if he understood why, the boy replied, "It's because they're dancing."

- ① How a Military Joke at a Party Produced the Words Hip-Hop
- ② Why Recorded Albums Immediately Ended Gang Violence in New York
- ③ The Term Hip-Hop Was Officially Invented for the First Rap Album
- ④ The Origins and Early Spread of Hip-Hop Music and Language
- ⑤ Playful Party Chants Helped Name Hip-Hop and Spread Its New Culture

141 문장삽입 22esp22-101

Influenced by these new voices, gang leaders from across the region sign the accord, pledging never again to rely on violence to resolve disputes.

Imagine an urban district that rapidly decays into a slum following an economic downturn. (①) Shops close down and property owners abandon the area, leaving it filled with deserted buildings. Even during winter, there is no heating, and only those unable to move elsewhere stay behind. (②) Unemployment soars, numerous gangs form, and youth gang violence becomes a daily reality. Despair hangs over every street corner. (③) One day, however, a gang called the Ghetto Brothers—well-respected for providing free meals and medical care programs—decides to halt the fighting and persuade local youth to unite to build a safer community. They propose a peace treaty, declaring, "This is for peace, men. The violence took away our brothers. We're not gangsters anymore. We've got to make this town a better place to live." (④) This occurred in the Bronx during early 1970s New York, where hip-hop music originated as a central component of a new peace movement established by African Americans and immigrants. The story of hip-hop, now among the world's most dominant musical genres, is truly fascinating. (⑤) Let's explore it.

142 주제 2412-22

To determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it on a balance scale and compare it against a known mass, such as several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams. Determining the mass of a distant star, however, becomes far more complex. How do we measure such an object? Broadly speaking, calculating a star's mass depends heavily on various theoretical frameworks. To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then measure their respective distances from that central point. Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, to "measure" stellar mass, we observe other physical quantities and plug those figures into theoretical equations. Measurement is not a straightforward, unmediated observation of pre-existing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of established theories.

- ① technological advancements in balance scales for measuring physical properties
- ② dependence of scientific measurement on theoretical frameworks and calculated quantities
- ③ fundamental differences between physical chemistry theories and astronomical observations
- ④ practical limitations of using indirect formulas in predicting cosmic phenomena
- ⑤ mathematical derivation of Kepler's Third Law in binary star mass calculations

143 순서 2412-22

To determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it on a balance scale and compare it against a known mass, such as several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams.

(A) Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, to "measure" stellar mass, we observe other physical quantities and plug those figures into theoretical equations. Measurement is not a straightforward, unmediated observation of pre-existing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of established theories.

(B) Determining the mass of a distant star, however, becomes far more complex. How do we measure such an object?

(C) Broadly speaking, calculating a star's mass depends heavily on various theoretical frameworks. To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then measure their respective distances from that central point.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

144 불일치 2462-31

We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even when they offer no practical utility. Post offices no longer honor those outdated stamps, banks refuse to accept the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. Yet these issues are merely secondary; the true appeal lies in their limited supply. In one experiment, researchers asked students to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding that they could keep one poster as a token of appreciation for participating. Five minutes later, the students were informed that the poster ranked third was no longer available. They were then requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was judged to be the most beautiful of all. Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is taken away from us, we instantly consider it far more appealing.

- ① Psychological reactance occurs when individuals experience the sudden deprivation of an available choice.
- ② The practical utility of an object is not the primary factor driving the desire to collect it.
- ③ Students in the experiment rated posters based entirely on their monetary resale values.
- ④ In the poster study, eliminating the third-ranked option increased its perceived beauty among participants.
- ⑤ Vintage cars and old coins remain attractive to collectors largely because of their scarcity.

145 일치 22esp22-204

Additionally, consumers appreciate adaptability and convenience. Under certain subscription frameworks, users can access a diverse array of products or services for a set fee. In alternative models, they can flexibly adjust subscription costs by selecting only the specific services or products they require at any given time. This allows them to either enjoy a broad selection for a fixed rate or save money by choosing strictly what they truly need. Furthermore, subscription services are made easily accessible through online platforms, enhancing consumer convenience. With merely a few clicks, users can obtain services or physical products. Should they wish to update their device model, they can readily do so. Anyone seeking an upgrade can acquire it and experience the latest models.

- ① Online platforms complicate the subscription process by requiring physical paperwork.
- ② Consumers must commit to lifetime contracts without any flexible options for adjustment.
- ③ Changing or upgrading device models involves extremely complicated and rigid procedures.
- ④ Subscription plans force all consumers to pay identical high fees regardless of usage.
- ⑤ Some subscription options allow access to a variety of products for a fixed fee.

146 제목 22esp22-102

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together. Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as block parties. What ultimately developed from these gatherings was a dynamic youth movement called hip-hop culture, built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti. It replaced gang conflict with music, dance, visual art, and style. The most sought-after block parties were organized by DJ Kool Herc, who is considered the founding father of hip-hop. Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music owing to his innovative DJing technique. During this event, utilizing two turntables simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and switched between them to lengthen the instrumental drum section known as the break. Dancers no longer had to stop moving when a record ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

- ① The Rise of Hip-Hop Culture through Music, Dance, and Street Art
- ② Why Block Parties Became Popular Mainly Because Records Were Expensive
- ③ Block Parties and Kool Herc's DJ Innovation Helped Hip-Hop Culture Take Shape
- ④ How Kool Herc Extended the Break by Using Two Turntables
- ⑤ Hip-Hop Culture Developed Primarily from Competition among Professional Musicians

147 순서 2615-1302

AI generates an abundance of ideas.

(A) Indeed, one Stanford study indicated that more than two thousand ideas separate a successful product from a failure. This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis on the processes—what Utley and Klebahn describe as "idea flow"—of generating possibilities without immediate judgment.

(B) While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of creative ideas and quickly focus on modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas increases when groups first emphasize quantity. As Linus Pauling noted, "The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas."

(C) Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton referred to this phenomenon as the "equal odds rule," proposing that creative success is directly linked to the total volume of works produced. Numerous studies have confirmed that high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation consulting firm termed the "idea ratio."

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

148 제목 2462-40

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet. As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

- ① Why Writers Tend to Envy Other Writers More Than Musicians
- ② We Envy Those Most Similar to Us, While Jealousy Involves a Third Person
- ③ Envy and Jealousy Differ Mainly in the Intensity of Their Emotional Reactions
- ④ Why Envy Becomes Stronger as Social Distance Increases
- ⑤ The Emotional Differences Between Envy and Jealousy

149 제목 22esp22-103

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track. People would gather in circles to demonstrate their individual dance talent during the break. Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming a street dance battle culture. DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over instrumental segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" This marked the origins of rapping or MCing. When DJs found it difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. This distinct responsibility evolved into MCing.

- ① Why B-Boys and B-Girls Formed Dance Circles during the Break
- ② Why DJs Stopped Playing Music and Became Full-Time Performers
- ③ MCing Began as a Written Lyrical Tradition Separate from DJ Performances
- ④ Break Culture Gave Rise to Both Street Dancing and the Separate Role of MCing
- ⑤ The Early Development of Dance and Rap within Hip-Hop Culture

150 제목 2412-33

Some observers contend that there exists a unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly isolated from all other activities involving books. Is reading truly that straightforward? The most constructive approach is to view reading as a loosely interconnected set of behaviors linked together by family resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase—without sharing a single universal defining feature. Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are bound to fail because no consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place. The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, the more edge cases surface to stretch the concept's adaptable limits. Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a common forum, one that underscores the challenges faced by anyone attempting to define where reading begins and ends. Such an effort advances toward understanding reading as a broad spectrum capable of encompassing diverse reading practices.

- ① Why Edge Cases Make It Difficult to Separate Reading from Nonreading
- ② Reading Can Be Clearly Defined Once Exceptional Cases Are Excluded
- ③ Why Digital Reading Has Made Traditional Definitions of Reading Obsolete
- ④ The Different Ways People Read and Use Books
- ⑤ Reading Is a Flexible Spectrum, Not a Practice with Fixed Boundaries

151 붙임치 22esp22-201

Jiyun, a high school student, begins her day by signing in to a music streaming service on her smartphone. She delights in listening to her favorite tracks, discovering new songs, and exploring unfamiliar artists daily. To ensure a healthy breakfast, Jiyun gets a delivery from a subscription service that supplies fresh vegetables and fruits. After school, Jiyun uses a video lecture platform to broaden her knowledge in any subject she finds intriguing. For instance, she watches diverse academic lectures to review her school coursework and stay current with the latest developments in her chosen field of study. On weekends, Jiyun and her family enjoy quality time together by watching movies or dramas via a streaming service.

- ① Jiyun discovers new music and artists every day through a smartphone streaming app.
- ② Jiyun uses online academic lectures to review her schoolwork and learn about her field.
- ③ Fresh fruits and vegetables are delivered to Jiyun's house via a subscription service.
- ④ Jiyun visits physical stores daily to purchase fresh ingredients for her family's breakfast.
- ⑤ Watching movies or dramas on streaming services is a weekend activity for Jiyun's family.

152 주제 2412-34

Weber's law explains how we perceive differences between two stimuli. It implies that while a 1-mm difference between lines measuring 466 mm and 467 mm might go unnoticed, the same 1-mm difference can easily be detected when comparing a 2-mm line with a 3-mm one. This principle is also illustrated when lighting a single candle in a completely dark room, where the new light is readily perceived. In contrast, if 1 candle is lit in a room where 100 candles are already burning, the additional illumination may not be observed. Consequently, the just-noticeable difference (JND) changes depending on signal intensity. For instance, the JND is larger for extremely loud noises than for considerably quieter sounds. When a sound is exceedingly soft, we can recognize that another sound is louder even with a minimal increase. However, when a sound is very loud, a second sound must be substantially louder for us to notice the difference. Thus, Weber's law indicates that distinguishing between two stimuli becomes more difficult when their intensity or scale is greater.

- ① Perceptual processes involved in human sensory perception
- ② Why small differences between stimuli are always hard to detect
- ③ The role of candle light in determining room brightness
- ④ The relationship between signal intensity and the just-noticeable difference in sensory perception
- ⑤ The influence of acoustic environments on auditory acuity

153 문장삽입 263R-023

However, does achieving a superior outcome imply that a student has genuinely gained more knowledge?

Schoolwork can become much easier for students with the help of AI. (①) It is capable of summarizing complex texts, coming up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. (②) Haidt contends that we should not take this for granted. He highlights research indicating that relying heavily on AI might diminish real learning. When students tackle problems on their own, they are required to recall information and structure their thoughts. (③) Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and attempting again are all part of the process. Rather than being hurdles to learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself. (④) If AI instantly carries out the challenging mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. (⑤) The task before us is to employ AI as a learning tool without letting it substitute for the learning process itself.

154 제목 2412-34

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- ① How Humans Perceive Differences Between Physical Stimuli
- ② Why Loud Sounds Are Harder to Hear Than Quiet Sounds
- ③ Why Stronger Stimuli Always Produce More Accurate Sensory Judgments
- ④ A Fixed Difference Between Stimuli Is Equally Noticeable at Any Intensity
- ⑤ Weber's Law: Detecting Differences Depends on the Relative Strength of Stimuli

155 문장삽입 2412-39

Consequently, a place where morality and moral freedom begin to be applied emerges only with the appearance of a sovereign power, namely the state.

According to Hobbes, human beings are incapable of acting morally in the state of nature while driven by their instinct for self-preservation. (①) Hobbes therefore depicts the natural condition of mankind as one in which life is "solitary, poor, nasty, brutish and short." (②) This implies that when individuals exist without a centralized authority to govern them all, they are effectively in a state of war. (③) In other words, Hobbes, who held that humans are not naturally social or political creatures, asserts that without such authority, individuals in the state of nature remain "antisocial and rational based on their selfishness." (④) Furthermore, because society is not a natural occurrence and no innate force draws people together, Hobbes argues that mutual affection is not what unites them into a community. (⑤) Instead, it is a shared fear of men's current and future circumstances that brings them together, as this fear stems from a common motivation among individuals in the state of nature.

156 주제 22esp22-105

Rap lyrics, which originated as party chants during early hip-hop, initially centered on enjoying group gatherings and boasting about the skill of the DJ or rapper. However, a major shift occurred during the expansion of hip-hop music in the 1980s. Most notably, the release of *The Message* by Grandmaster Flash and the Furious Five in 1982 marked a historic milestone. The powerful lyrics of this track detailed the harsh living conditions of the ghetto, recounting the tragic narrative of a boy born there who was forced to live and die as a second-class citizen. Through this release, hip-hop—whose initial objective was fostering peace through social gatherings—established a new tradition of social commentary directed against inequality. *The Message* became one of the most influential rap singles in history, paving the way for numerous hip-hop songs that challenged racial discrimination throughout the 1980s and 1990s. Simultaneously, the music's rhythmic beats and rap delivery moved people to dance, ensuring that listeners engaged with the social commentary while moving to the rhythm.

- ① the financial success of ghetto youth in the music industry
- ② the decline of rap music popularity due to depressing lyrics
- ③ the strict limitation of early rap to party entertainment
- ④ the thematic evolution of hip-hop toward social criticism
- ⑤ the rejection of rhythmic beats in favor of political speeches

157 제목 2462-31

We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even when they offer no practical utility. Post offices no longer honor those outdated stamps, banks refuse to accept the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. Yet these issues are merely secondary; the true appeal lies in their limited supply. In one experiment, researchers asked students to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding that they could keep one poster as a token of appreciation for participating. Five minutes later, the students were informed that the poster ranked third was no longer available. They were then requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was judged to be the most beautiful of all. Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is taken away from us, we instantly consider it far more appealing.

- ① Why Rare Objects Are Usually More Beautiful Than Common Ones
- ② How Scarcity Influences Human Preferences and Consumer Choices
- ③ Scarcity Increases Desire by Making Lost Options Seem More Attractive
- ④ Why Students Preferred the Poster That Was No Longer Available
- ⑤ People Value Options More Only After They Permanently Lose Them

158 주제 22esp22-104

Where, then, did the term hip-hop originate? Although its precise origin remains unknown, the word hip-hop is said to have been used for the first time at a block party. A young man attending the party was preparing to enter the military. His close friend, who served as the party's MC, jokingly reminded him that his freedom was coming to an end by marching across the stage like a drill instructor to the beat while chanting, "Hip-hop-hip-hop-hip-hop." The audience was delighted. Subsequently, MCs began testing new lines at parties, such as "Hip, hop, hippy to the hippy hop-bop," and "I said a hip-hop, a hibbit, hibby-dibby, hip-hip-hop and you don't stop." Such phrases became a standard feature of rap and were included in the lyrics of *Rapper's Delight* (1979), the first commercial hip-hop record, which achieved immediate success. The new musical style and dance form spread rapidly. During the 1980s, New York experienced a sharp and unexplained drop in violence. When a police officer asked a young boy on the street if he understood why, the boy replied, "It's because they're dancing."

- ① the reduction of urban violence strictly through police enforcement
- ② the origin of the term hip-hop and its rapid cultural spread
- ③ the complete historical documentation of hip-hop terminology
- ④ the military training techniques adapted by early MCs
- ⑤ the commercial failure of early rap vinyl records

159 문장삽입 2412-30

The primary exception to this pattern is found in nomadic desert species, which can launch their reproductive cycle within days following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity.

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year. (①) By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are frequently strictly defined, triggered primarily by variations in day length. (②) When conditions are favorable, the result is that birds rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches its peak. (③) Most birds are not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but are also physically incapable of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that helps flying birds reduce body weight. (④) Additionally, various species divide the overall breeding season in distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. (⑤) In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise successive broods through a prolonged, demanding reproductive effort.

160 주제 2615-1302

AI generates an abundance of ideas. While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of creative ideas and quickly focus on modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas increases when groups first emphasize quantity. As Linus Pauling noted, "The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas." Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton referred to this phenomenon as the "equal odds rule," proposing that creative success is directly linked to the total volume of works produced. Numerous studies have confirmed that high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation consulting firm termed the "idea ratio." Indeed, one Stanford study indicated that more than two thousand ideas separate a successful product from a failure. This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis on the processes—what Utey and Klebahn describe as "idea flow"—of generating possibilities without immediate judgment.

- ① The role of judgment in evaluating early-stage brainstorming suggestions
- ② Differences in idea flow between individual thinkers and group settings
- ③ The necessity of generating a high quantity of ideas to achieve creative quality
- ④ The impact of Linus Pauling's theories on modern psychological testing
- ⑤ How to refine a single first suggestion into a commercially successful product

161 제목 22esp22-107

Presented to the UN on May 16th, 2001, "The HipHop Declaration of Peace" formally acknowledged hip-hop as an international culture of peace. This document recalls hip-hop's founding mission to restore peace to the Bronx, signifying global respect for hip-hop history. Another pivotal milestone occurred in 2018 when hip-hop artist Kendrick Lamar was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for Music. This achievement indicated that hip-hop, which originated as underground music, had transformed into a major art form comparable to classical music. If hip-hop music was born as part of a cultural movement for peace in the 1970s, today a growing number of people view it as a potent medium to express oneself, oppose injustice, drive change through social messages, and remain deeply connected to music and others. With its distinctive and expanding appeal, hip-hop continues to thrive as a global phenomenon.

- ① Hip-Hop Became Global Mainly by Abandoning Its Original Mission of Peace
- ② Why Hip-Hop Has Replaced Classical Music as a Major Art Form
- ③ Hip-Hop Has Grown from a Peace Movement into a Global Cultural Force
- ④ How Kendrick Lamar's Pulitzer Prize Raised the Status of Hip-Hop Music
- ⑤ The Worldwide Popularity and Artistic Development of Hip-Hop Culture

South Korea has been actively incorporating AI into educational settings.

(A) His stance does not necessarily mean that all AI technology ought to be removed from education. Instead, it poses the question of when and how AI should be integrated into a child's learning process. Ultimately, Korean students themselves will need to choose what type of relationship they wish to establish with AI.

(B) Korean students already dedicate a substantial amount of time to studying in intensely competitive environments. According to Haidt, introducing greater reliance on AI could give rise to another issue. Children might end up with even fewer chances for independent reflection and real-world interaction. For this reason, he prompts Korea to re-evaluate AI policies directed at young students.

(C) Many individuals hold the view that early exposure to AI will get students ready for the future. They contend that students ought to learn how powerful new technologies operate before reaching adulthood. Haidt, nevertheless, strongly questions this strategy, particularly for younger children. He asserts that Korea might be moving excessively fast in implementing AI in children's education.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

163 틀린어휘 2412-30

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year. By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are frequently strictly defined, ① removed primarily by variations in day length. When conditions are ② favorable, the result is that birds ③ rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches its peak. Most birds are not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but are also ④ physically incapable of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that helps flying birds ⑤ reduce body weight. The ⑥ primary exception to this pattern is found in nomadic desert species, which can launch their reproductive cycle ⑦ within days following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity. Additionally, various species ⑧ divide the overall breeding season in ⑨ distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise ⑩ successive broods through a prolonged, demanding reproductive effort.

Not all AI chatbots are created merely to supply information.

(A) Young individuals are still forming their identities and understanding how human relationships function. An AI chatbot that remains constantly available and responsive could prove exceptionally appealing to them. For this reason, Haidt maintains that companies ought not to freely offer relationship-based AI to minors.

(B) Specifically, he recommends an age restriction of eighteen for AI chatbots designed to act as friends or romantic partners. His proposal stems from the view that children require special protection while they are developing. On the other hand, critics might question whether age limits are feasible or whether they restrict access to beneficial technology. This gives rise to a crucial debate concerning freedom, technology, and the protection of youth.

(C) Certain AI services are engineered to interact like friends, partners, or companions. Users can discuss personal issues with them and confide private emotions. While these conversations might represent just another application of technology for adults, Haidt considers the situation to be more serious for teenagers and children.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

165 틀린어휘 2412-29

Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire. Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a ① specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely ② different condition, typically one where no event occurs. The two environments are crafted to be distinctly different, making it as straightforward as ③ possible for the animal to ④ link each area with its corresponding experience. The animal's ⑤ inclination to occupy one area over the other is measured both prior to and following its experiences in the two locations. A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time to ⑥ obtain a reward indicates that it found the experience enjoyable and is attempting to ⑦ repeat it. Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site where the stimulus was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as ⑧ unpleasant. For instance, mice suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication administered to ⑨ provoke pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. This ⑩ outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively desired the morphine.

166 불일치 22esp22-107

Presented to the UN on May 16th, 2001, "The HipHop Declaration of Peace" formally acknowledged hip-hop as an international culture of peace. This document recalls hip-hop's founding mission to restore peace to the Bronx, signifying global respect for hip-hop history. Another pivotal milestone occurred in 2018 when hip-hop artist Kendrick Lamar was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for Music. This achievement indicated that hip-hop, which originated as underground music, had transformed into a major art form comparable to classical music. If hip-hop music was born as part of a cultural movement for peace in the 1970s, today a growing number of people view it as a potent medium to express oneself, oppose injustice, drive change through social messages, and remain deeply connected to music and others. With its distinctive and expanding appeal, hip-hop continues to thrive as a global phenomenon.

- ① Modern listeners view hip-hop as both a tool for self-expression and a means for social connection.
- ② Kendrick Lamar's 2018 Pulitzer Prize marked hip-hop's elevation to a high-status art form.
- ③ The 2001 UN Declaration officially acknowledged hip-hop's identity as a global culture of peace.
- ④ The UN Declaration of Peace advised hip-hop artists to stop incorporating political messages.
- ⑤ Hip-hop originated in the 1970s as a localized cultural movement focused on community peace.

167 틀린어법 2412-29

Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire. Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely different condition, typically one where no event ① occur. The two environments are ② crafted to be distinctly different, ③ making it as straightforward as possible for the animal to link each area with its ④ corresponding experience. The animal's inclination to occupy one area over ⑤ the other is measured both ⑥ prior to and ⑦ following its ⑧ experiences in the two locations. A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time ⑨ to obtain a reward indicates ⑩ that it found the experience enjoyable and ⑪ is attempting to repeat it. Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site ⑫ where the stimulus ⑬ was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as unpleasant. For instance, mice ⑭ suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication ⑮ administered to relieve pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. This outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively ⑯ desired the morphine.

168 순서 263R-025

It is frequently asserted that we simply need to employ technology in a wise manner.

(A) When something is designed to be difficult to resist, instructing children to exercise self-control may not resolve the issue. On these grounds, Haidt believes tech companies ought to bear greater responsibility for young users. Governments might also be required to establish regulations to protect children. This does not necessarily imply halting the progression of AI.

(B) Rather, it involves giving thought to shared responsibility along with technological innovation. Society needs to determine how much responsibility should belong to users, parents, corporations, schools, and governments. Consequently, the future of AI may rely not only on superior technology but also on improved regulations.

(C) Haidt, however, doubts whether individual self-control is sufficient. Powerful technologies are commonly engineered to capture our attention and foster continuous engagement. Resisting AI may prove even more challenging because it possesses the ability to respond personally to each user. Highly attractive AI services are compared by Haidt to extremely potent junk food.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

169 문장삽입 2412-29

Researchers train subjects to associate one location with a specific experience, such as receiving food or hearing a loud noise, and a second location with an entirely different condition, typically one where no event occurs.

Conditioned Place Preference provides a method for determining what animals desire. (①) The two environments are crafted to be distinctly different, making it as straightforward as possible for the animal to link each area with its corresponding experience. (②) The animal's inclination to occupy one area over the other is measured both prior to and following its experiences in the two locations. (③) A shift in where the subject chooses to spend time to obtain a reward indicates that it found the experience enjoyable and is attempting to repeat it. (④) Conversely, if the animal now avoids the site where the stimulus was introduced and favors the location where it was absent, this implies that it perceived the stimulus as unpleasant. For instance, mice suffering from cancer demonstrate a clear preference for the location where they received morphine—a medication administered to relieve pain—over the setting where they received saline, whereas healthy mice displayed no such preference. (⑤) This outcome suggests that the cancerous mice actively desired the morphine.

170 주제 2462-21

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, "Slavery resides under marble and gold." A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? Let us hope it is not.

- ① loss of personal freedom as the unseen price of high achievement
- ② unavoidable compromises required for maintaining social status
- ③ psychological burdens caused by severe financial competition
- ④ ethical dilemmas faced by corporate leaders in modern societies
- ⑤ inevitable conflicts between high-earning individuals and societal standards

171 순서 22esp22-102

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together.

(A) Dancers no longer had to stop moving when a record ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

(B) Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as block parties. What ultimately developed from these gatherings was a dynamic youth movement called hip-hop culture, built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti. It replaced gang conflict with music, dance, visual art, and style.

(C) The most sought-after block parties were organized by DJ Kool Herc, who is considered the founding father of hip-hop. Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music owing to his innovative DJing technique. During this event, utilizing two turntables simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and switched between them to lengthen the instrumental drum section known as the break.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

172 제목 2615-1302

AI generates an abundance of ideas. While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of creative ideas and quickly focus on modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas increases when groups first emphasize quantity. As Linus Pauling noted, "The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas." Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton referred to this phenomenon as the "equal odds rule," proposing that creative success is directly linked to the total volume of works produced. Numerous studies have confirmed that high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation consulting firm termed the "idea ratio." Indeed, one Stanford study indicated that more than two thousand ideas separate a successful product from a failure. This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis on the processes—what Utley and Klebahn describe as "idea flow"—of generating possibilities without immediate judgment.

- ① Why Artificial Intelligence Generates Better Ideas Than Human Groups
- ② Creative Quality Emerges from Producing Many Ideas Before Judging Them
- ③ Why Successful Products May Require More Than Two Thousand Initial Ideas
- ④ The Relationship Between Brainstorming and Creative Performance
- ⑤ Creative Success Depends on Selecting the Best Idea as Early as Possible

173 주제 22esp22-107

Presented to the UN on May 16th, 2001, "The HipHop Declaration of Peace" formally acknowledged hip-hop as an international culture of peace. This document recalls hip-hop's founding mission to restore peace to the Bronx, signifying global respect for hip-hop history. Another pivotal milestone occurred in 2018 when hip-hop artist Kendrick Lamar was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for Music. This achievement indicated that hip-hop, which originated as underground music, had transformed into a major art form comparable to classical music. If hip-hop music was born as part of a cultural movement for peace in the 1970s, today a growing number of people view it as a potent medium to express oneself, oppose injustice, drive change through social messages, and remain deeply connected to music and others. With its distinctive and expanding appeal, hip-hop continues to thrive as a global phenomenon.

- ① the rejection of classical music norms by modern Pulitzer Prize committees
- ② the UN's strategy to use music for resolving international military border disputes
- ③ the official dissolution of underground hip-hop groups in the 2010s
- ④ the historical transition of hip-hop into an exclusively political protest genre
- ⑤ the global recognition and multifaceted value of modern hip-hop

Manufacturers skillfully implant doubt regarding the adequacy of our existing devices.

(A) The boundary separating want from need becomes blurred, shifting our financial choices toward remaining up to date with current trends. Despite every rational argument opposing this relentless upgrading, the temptation remains powerful.

(B) Every product appears to be on an unstoppable progression toward its next iteration—the upcoming generation that vows to transform your daily life. What proves fascinating, or perhaps alarming, is how remarkably effective this cycle is at shaping human desire. It is not simply that we wish for the newest device; rather, we are brought to believe we cannot do without it.

(C) Suddenly, the smartphone that served as your indispensable lifeline just a year ago feels like an outdated relic, incapable of keeping up with your digital demands. Consequently, the urge to upgrade takes root, frequently well before a genuine need arises. This ongoing cycle is not restricted solely to our personal gadgets; it extends into virtually every realm of consumer electronics, ranging from autonomous vehicles to intelligent refrigerators.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals.

(A) Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire.

(B) As Seneca observed, "Slavery resides under marble and gold." A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? Let us hope it is not.

(C) Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

While the subscription economy offers numerous advantages, several disadvantages also warrant consideration. One primary concern is the potential for overconsumption. The convenience and easy access provided by subscription models enable consumers to sign up for multiple services and consume a high volume of content or goods. This can lead to excessive usage and subscribing to more services than are genuinely necessary. It is essential to subscribe only to services that are truly required and to avoid enrolling in redundant ones. Closely connected to overconsumption is the financial burden that subscriptions can impose. Although individual subscription costs may appear modest, enrolling in numerous services can accumulate rapidly. Consequently, one must evaluate these costs carefully to prevent financial strain. Systematically reviewing and terminating unnecessary subscriptions can prove beneficial.

- ① Easy access to subscriptions increases the likelihood of signing up for unneeded services.
- ② The subscription model ensures consumers never spend money on unnecessary services.
- ③ Canceling unused subscription services brings no financial benefits to modern consumers.
- ④ Individual subscription fees are usually so high that people rarely join multiple services.
- ⑤ Overconsumption is impossible because subscription platforms restrict account sign-ups.

Jiyyun, a high school student, begins her day by signing in to a music streaming service on her smartphone. She delights in listening to her favorite tracks, discovering new songs, and exploring unfamiliar artists daily. To ensure a healthy breakfast, Jiyyun gets a delivery from a subscription service that supplies fresh vegetables and fruits. After school, Jiyyun uses a video lecture platform to broaden her knowledge in any subject she finds intriguing. For instance, she watches diverse academic lectures to review her school coursework and stay current with the latest developments in her chosen field of study. On weekends, Jiyyun and her family enjoy quality time together by watching movies or dramas via a streaming service.

- ① convenient methods for discovering new music on streaming apps
- ② the comprehensive impact of digital platforms on consumer behavior
- ③ personalized meal subscription services for healthy breakfast options
- ④ academic advantages of video lectures for high school students
- ⑤ daily application of diverse subscription services in modern life

178 주제 22esp22-205

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease. In the past, people had no choice but to visit a cinema or buy physical copies of the videos they wished to view. Today, anyone who wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment. Simultaneously, these platforms allow businesses to deliver customized products and services to users effortlessly. By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and spending patterns. Users appreciate having a variety of choices along with customization, which subsequently boosts their overall satisfaction. Services such as recommending personalized clothing options based on past purchases or suggesting videos aligned with their viewing history bring consumers immense satisfaction.

- ① the declining popularity of personal smartphones among younger generations
- ② cybersecurity risks associated with storing consumer purchasing history on servers
- ③ AI and big data integration driving personalized content recommendations
- ④ the historical shift from traditional movie theaters to home television sets
- ⑤ methods for training big data algorithms to predict international stock markets

179 틀린어휘 2615-1606

Public goods are frequently undervalued in markets, which serve private goods efficiently but rarely function for public goods. For example, aquatic environments like wetlands ① yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for ② rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. These ③ disadvantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and are supplied ④ without cost through the natural operation of wetlands. Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, leaving them without an ⑤ explicit price tag. Nevertheless, the true ⑥ worth of these services is far from zero. Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits ⑦ obtained by those who utilize them. This ⑧ collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a ⑨ visible market price. The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all ⑩ beneficiaries highlights the extent to which markets undervalue such public goods.

180 순서 263R-021

Over the last two decades, smartphones and social media have profoundly transformed the daily lives of youth.

(A) They have altered how adolescents interact, pass their leisure time, and establish connections. Social psychologist Jonathan Haidt has extensively researched the impacts of these technologies on young individuals. At present, however, he contends that an even more influential technological transition is underway. That shift is currently unfolding.

(B) Haidt is concerned that AI could shape how children think, learn, and form interpersonal relationships. For this reason, he maintains that society must thoughtfully examine how young people are introduced to AI. The central question is no longer simply what AI is capable of doing, but what growing up alongside AI may do to us.

(C) Children today may grow up enveloped by AI from their earliest years. They might rely on AI not merely to search for information, but also to study, communicate, and address personal difficulties. Some individuals may even engage in conversations with AI as though it were a human friend. This characteristic sets AI apart from many preceding technologies.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

181 틀린어법 22esp22-105

Rap lyrics, ① which originated as party chants ② during early hip-hop, initially ③ centered on enjoying group gatherings and ④ boasting about the skill of the DJ or rapper. However, a major shift ⑤ occurred during the expansion of hip-hop music in the 1980s. Most ⑥ notably, the release of The Message by Grandmaster Flash and the Furious Five in 1982 marked a historic milestone. The powerful lyrics of this track detailed the harsh ⑦ living conditions of the ghetto, ⑧ recounting the tragic ⑨ narrative of a boy ⑩ born there ⑪ who was ⑫ forced to live and die as a second-class citizen. ⑬ Through this release, hip-hop—whose initial ⑭ objective was fostering peace through social gatherings—established a new tradition of social commentary ⑮ directing inequality. The Message became one of the most influential rap singles in history, paving the way for numerous hip-hop songs that ⑯ challenged racial discrimination throughout the 1980s and 1990s. Simultaneously, the music's rhythmic beats and rap delivery moved people to dance, ensuring that listeners engaged with the social commentary while moving to the rhythm.

182 제목 2462-21

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable of purchasing. Instead, examine what they are forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and flattering people they dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, "Slavery resides under marble and gold." A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal toward which you are striving? Let us hope it is not.

- ① Success Can Become a Prison When It Demands the Sacrifice of Freedom
- ② The Hidden Costs That Often Accompany Wealth and Social Success
- ③ Successful People Sacrifice Comfort in Exchange for Greater Wealth
- ④ Why Wealthy People Eventually Lose Their Moral Values
- ⑤ Why Successful People Must Attend Parties and Wear Formal Clothes

183 추론 22esp22-103

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track. People would gather in circles to demonstrate their individual dance talent during the break. Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming [a street dance battle culture](#). DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over instrumental segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" This marked the origins of rapping or MCing. When DJs found it difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. This distinct responsibility evolved into MCing.

- ① an officially sanctioned national athletic competition with strict scoring rubrics
- ② a quiet indoor performance style aimed at replacing public block parties
- ③ a competitive group-based dancing norm formed informally in public urban spaces during music breaks
- ④ a physical fight between gangs disguised as a musical rhythm exercise
- ⑤ a promotional dance routine designed exclusively for commercial television broadcasts

184 순서 263R-023

Schoolwork can become much easier for students with the help of AI.

(A) If AI instantly carries out the challenging mental work for us, we risk missing chances to exercise these skills. Thus, AI might enhance the final product while not necessarily enhancing the learner. The task before us is to employ AI as a learning tool without letting it substitute for the learning process itself.

(B) It is capable of summarizing complex texts, coming up with ideas, and even drafting a complete essay. Consequently, students who utilize AI can generate impressive results within a short timeframe. However, does achieving a superior outcome imply that a student has genuinely gained more knowledge? Haidt contends that we should not take this for granted.

(C) He highlights research indicating that relying heavily on AI might diminish real learning. When students tackle problems on their own, they are required to recall information and structure their thoughts. Furthermore, making errors, re-evaluating their ideas, and attempting again are all part of the process. Rather than being hurdles to learning, these demanding steps constitute learning itself.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

185 순서 2412-34

Weber's law explains how we perceive differences between two stimuli.

(A) It implies that while a 1-mm difference between lines measuring 466 mm and 467 mm might go unnoticed, the same 1-mm difference can easily be detected when comparing a 2-mm line with a 3-mm one. This principle is also illustrated when lighting a single candle in a completely dark room, where the new light is readily perceived. In contrast, if 1 candle is lit in a room where 100 candles are already burning, the additional illumination may not be observed.

(B) However, when a sound is very loud, a second sound must be substantially louder for us to notice the difference. Thus, Weber's law indicates that distinguishing between two stimuli becomes more difficult when their intensity or scale is greater.

(C) Consequently, the Just-noticeable difference (JND) changes depending on signal intensity. For instance, the JND is larger for extremely loud noises than for considerably quieter sounds. When a sound is exceedingly soft, we can recognize that another sound is louder even with a minimal increase.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

According to Hobbes, human beings are incapable of acting morally in the state of nature while driven by their instinct for self-preservation.

(A) Furthermore, because society is not a natural occurrence and no innate force draws people together, Hobbes argues that mutual affection is not what unites them into a community. Instead, it is a shared fear of men's current and future circumstances that brings them together, as this fear stems from a common motivation among individuals in the state of nature.

(B) Consequently, a place where morality and moral freedom begin to be applied emerges only with the appearance of a sovereign power, namely the state. Hobbes therefore depicts the natural condition of mankind as one in which life is "solitary, poor, nasty, brutish and short."

(C) This implies that when individuals exist without a centralized authority to govern them all, they are effectively in a state of war. In other words, Hobbes, who held that humans are not naturally social or political creatures, asserts that without such authority, individuals in the state of nature remain "antisocial and rational based on their selfishness."

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

187 틀린어법 263R-022

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals. These connections play a critical role in their social and emotional growth. However, AI might introduce an ① entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a child ② who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. The AI listens ③ attentively, recalls past interactions, and consistently ④ responds to the child. Meanwhile, the child's parents might ⑤ occasionally be ⑥ occupied with their own smartphones or computers. Haidt expresses concern ⑦ that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. This possibility is particularly ⑧ worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially. Genuine human relationships involve conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and compromise. An AI ⑨ engineering satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could alter how children learn to bond with real people.

188 제목 2412-22

To determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it on a balance scale and compare it against a known mass, such as several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams. Determining the mass of a distant star, however, becomes far more complex. How do we measure such an object? Broadly speaking, calculating a star's mass depends heavily on various theoretical frameworks. To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then measure their respective distances from that central point. Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, to "measure" stellar mass, we observe other physical quantities and plug those figures into theoretical equations. Measurement is not a straightforward, unmediated observation of pre-existing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of established theories.

- ① The Methods Scientists Use to Measure Physical Quantities
- ② How Astronomers Use Kepler's Third Law to Measure Binary Stars
- ③ Distant Objects Require More Calculations Than Nearby Objects to Measure
- ④ Scientific Measurement Depends on Theories and Indirect Calculations, Not Simple Observation
- ⑤ Why Modern Instruments Make Theoretical Assumptions Unnecessary

189 일치 22esp22-103

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track. People would gather in circles to demonstrate their individual dance talent during the break. Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming a street dance battle culture. DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over instrumental segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" This marked the origins of rapping or MCing. When DJs found it difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. This distinct responsibility evolved into MCing.

- ① MCs were originally hired by record labels to control rowdy dance circles.
- ② The term B-Boys was coined to describe individuals who danced during the break sections.
- ③ B-Boys stopped dancing once DJs began introducing spoken rhymes over instrumental tracks.
- ④ The break section became less popular after DJs started speaking into the microphone.
- ⑤ DJs abandoned instrumental music entirely to focus solely on rhythmic chanting.

In regions near the equator, numerous bird species reproduce throughout the entire year.

(A) Additionally, various species divide the overall breeding season in distinct ways. While most seabirds raise only a single brood, songbirds in warm regions may produce several families within a few months. In an exceptionally favorable year, a pair of House Sparrows—a type of songbird—can raise successive broods through a prolonged, demanding reproductive effort.

(B) Most birds are not merely disinclined to reproduce at other times, but are also physically incapable of doing so, as their reproductive organs shrink—a change that helps flying birds reduce body weight. The primary exception to this pattern is found in nomadic desert species, which can launch their reproductive cycle within days following rainfall to capitalize on the sudden breeding opportunity.

(C) By contrast, in temperate and polar zones, the breeding periods of birds are frequently strictly defined, triggered primarily by variations in day length. When conditions are favorable, the result is that birds rear their offspring precisely when the food supply reaches its peak.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers.

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. (①) Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. (②) However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. (③) Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet. (④) As a CEO, one envies leaders of even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. (⑤) Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together. Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as block parties. What ultimately developed from these gatherings was a dynamic youth movement called hip-hop culture, built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti. It replaced gang conflict with music, dance, visual art, and style. The most sought-after block parties were organized by DJ Kool Herc, who is considered the founding father of hip-hop. Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music owing to his innovative DJing technique. During this event, utilizing two turntables simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and switched between them to lengthen the instrumental drum section known as the break. Dancers no longer had to stop moving when a record ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

- ① the replacement of street gangs through peace treaties
- ② turntables as an innovative substitute for traditional instruments
- ③ the role of birthday parties in extending drum breaks
- ④ the emergence of hip-hop culture and Kool Herc's DJ technique
- ⑤ the global expansion of urban youth subcultures

While the subscription economy offers numerous advantages, several disadvantages also warrant consideration. One primary concern is the potential for overconsumption. The convenience and easy access provided by subscription models enable consumers to sign up for multiple services and consume a high volume of content or goods. This can lead to excessive usage and subscribing to more services than are genuinely necessary. It is essential to subscribe only to services that are truly required and to avoid enrolling in redundant ones. Closely connected to overconsumption is the financial burden that subscriptions can impose. Although individual subscription costs may appear modest, enrolling in numerous services can accumulate rapidly. Consequently, one must evaluate these costs carefully to prevent financial strain. Systematically reviewing and terminating unnecessary subscriptions can prove beneficial.

- ① the technical process of automating monthly credit card billing procedures
- ② reasons why digital platform providers increase monthly membership fees
- ③ potential risks of overconsumption and financial burden in subscription models
- ④ effective techniques for online marketing agencies to boost service sign-ups
- ⑤ how to combine multiple streaming accounts to secure family plan discounts

194 제목 2462-37

Purchasing a television constitutes current consumption. It brings us immediate happiness today but does nothing to increase our wealth tomorrow. To be sure, money spent on a television keeps assembly workers employed at the electronics factory. However, if that same money were invested instead, it would generate employment elsewhere—such as for scientists in a research lab or workers on a construction site—while simultaneously making us wealthier over the long term. Consider higher education as an illustration. Sending students to college creates employment for professors. Allocating that same money to buy luxury sports cars for high school graduates would generate jobs for automotive workers instead. The fundamental distinction between these two cases is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. Thus, paying college tuition represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

- ① The Economic Differences Between Spending Money and Saving It
- ② Why College Tuition Creates More Jobs Than Buying Sports Cars
- ③ College Education Is Valuable Because It Creates Jobs for Professors
- ④ Investment Builds Future Productivity While Consumption Provides Only Present Benefits
- ⑤ Why Consumer Spending Fails to Support Employment Growth

195 순서 2412-23

Neuroscientific discoveries indicate that pain and pleasure are generated and processed within the exact same brain region.

(A) Our bodies continuously strive to maintain homeostasis, defined as the state of balance among bodily functions. Without effective compensatory mechanisms capable of cushioning potential extremes, human survival would be impossible. Pleasure and pain resemble two sides of a single coin; they appear to operate together, relying heavily on one another to preserve equilibrium.

(B) She suggests that our persistent attempts to avoid discomfort actually leave us feeling even more miserable. This occurs because pain serves as an essential component in preserving a neutral state, and allowing ourselves to experience it ultimately resets our internal scale back to balance.

(C) If you imagine pleasure and pain as opposing ends of a balance scale, it becomes easy to see that as one side rises, the other must correspondingly drop. Many are familiar with the phrase, "No pain, no gain." According to psychiatrist Dr. Anna Lembke, there may be genuine truth in those words.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

196 제목 22esp22-205

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease. In the past, people had no choice but to visit a cinema or buy physical copies of the videos they wished to view. Today, anyone who wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment. Simultaneously, these platforms allow businesses to deliver customized products and services to users effortlessly. By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and spending patterns. Users appreciate having a variety of choices along with customization, which subsequently boosts their overall satisfaction. Services such as recommending personalized clothing options based on past purchases or suggesting videos aligned with their viewing history bring consumers immense satisfaction.

- ① Why AI Recommendations Are More Accurate Than Human Preferences
- ② The Growing Role of Digital Technology in Modern Consumer Services
- ③ Online Platforms Improve Satisfaction Mainly by Offering More Products
- ④ How Movie Viewers Can Watch Films Anywhere Using Their Smartphones
- ⑤ Digital Platforms Use Technology to Expand Access and Personalize Consumer Experiences

197 주제 2462-31

We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even when they offer no practical utility. Post offices no longer honor those outdated stamps, banks refuse to accept the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. Yet these issues are merely secondary; the true appeal lies in their limited supply. In one experiment, researchers asked students to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding that they could keep one poster as a token of appreciation for participating. Five minutes later, the students were informed that the poster ranked third was no longer available. They were then requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was judged to be the most beautiful of all. Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is taken away from us, we instantly consider it far more appealing.

- ① impact of strict regulations on the resale value of collectible items
- ② historical origins and modern developments of collecting rare vintage items
- ③ effective marketing strategies utilizing consumer anxiety over financial scarcity
- ④ psychological reasons why students evaluate artistic posters differently in groups
- ⑤ psychological phenomenon of desiring options more when access is restricted

198 제목 22esp22-106

Furthermore, a new perspective gradually emerged in hip-hop lyrics, one that can be summarized as "respect." Hip-hop music began to serve as a medium for expressing mutual respect, particularly toward hip-hop pioneers. To rappers, these pioneers represent heroes who overcame adversity and injustice to build a new culture and musical style. Consequently, many in the hip-hop community agree that one cannot show too much respect for these figures. The phrase "something from nothing," frequently employed to summarize the genre's history, also conveys admiration for early hip-hoppers who created a new culture in the ghetto despite extremely limited resources. Rappers also proudly shared the feeling that they, and perhaps their audience as well, had endured and survived hardships similar to those faced by the pioneers. This explains why the message of respect encompasses both personal self-worth and respect for others. The significance of respect in hip-hop cannot be overemphasized.

- ① Why Modern Rappers Must Imitate the Music of Early Hip-Hop Pioneers
- ② Why Hip-Hop Artists View Early Pioneers as Cultural Heroes
- ③ Respect in Hip-Hop Honors Pioneers While Affirming Both Self-Worth and Others
- ④ The Importance of Respect within Hip-Hop Culture
- ⑤ Respect in Hip-Hop Is Directed Mainly toward Successful Artists from the Past

199 순서 2462-40

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness.

(A) Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet.

(B) As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of even larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more successful supermodels. Aristotle recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

(C) Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their physiological responses are identical. However, the distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

200 일치 22esp22-207

In addition, the subscription economy can cause environmental pollution. The recurring shipment of products enclosed in packaging materials increases the reliance on disposable containers, which negatively impacts the environment. Utilizing eco-friendly packaging materials and choosing reusable options can help mitigate this problem. Despite these potential drawbacks, subscription services have become deeply integrated into daily life, and a growing number of enterprises are adopting the subscription economy model. It is anticipated that innovative subscription services will continue to expand into new sectors. Consequently, we must gain a clearer understanding of the subscription economy and become thoughtful consumers who select only the services we genuinely need.

- ① Regular product deliveries in subscription services can worsen environmental pollution through packaging.
- ② Subscription packaging waste has completely eliminated consumer interest in modern delivery platforms.
- ③ Businesses are systematically abandoning subscription models due to unavoidable environmental pollution limitations.
- ④ Wise consumers must immediately cancel all subscriptions to completely stop the growth of subscriptions.
- ⑤ Future subscription services are expected to be strictly confined to traditional existing product categories.

201 순서 22esp22-104

Where, then, did the term hip-hop originate?

(A) The new musical style and dance form spread rapidly. During the 1980s, New York experienced a sharp and unexplained drop in violence. When a police officer asked a young boy on the street if he understood why, the boy replied, "It's because they're dancing."

(B) The audience was delighted. Subsequently, MCs began testing new lines at parties, such as "Hip, hop, hippy to the hippy hop-bop," and "I said a hip-hop, a hibbit, hibby-dibby, hip-hip-hop and you don't stop." Such phrases became a standard feature of rap and were included in the lyrics of *Rapper's Delight* (1979), the first commercial hip-hop record, which achieved immediate success.

(C) Although its precise origin remains unknown, the word hip-hop is said to have been used for the first time at a block party. A young man attending the party was preparing to enter the military. His close friend, who served as the party's MC, jokingly reminded him that his freedom was coming to an end by marching across the stage like a drill instructor to the beat while chanting, "Hip-hop-hip-hop-hip-hop."

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

202 주제 22esp22-106

Furthermore, a new perspective gradually emerged in hip-hop lyrics, one that can be summarized as "respect." Hip-hop music began to serve as a medium for expressing mutual respect, particularly toward hip-hop pioneers. To rappers, these pioneers represent heroes who overcame adversity and injustice to build a new culture and musical style. Consequently, many in the hip-hop community agree that one cannot show too much respect for these figures. The phrase "something from nothing," frequently employed to summarize the genre's history, also conveys admiration for early hip-hoppers who created a new culture in the ghetto despite extremely limited resources. Rappers also proudly shared the feeling that they, and perhaps their audience as well, had endured and survived hardships similar to those faced by the pioneers. This explains why the message of respect encompasses both personal self-worth and respect for others. The significance of respect in hip-hop cannot be overemphasized.

- ① the financial strategies used by rappers to build wealth from nothing
- ② the rivalry between early hip-hop pioneers and contemporary artists
- ③ the central core of respect in hip-hop culture
- ④ the technical limitations of audio equipment in ghetto environments
- ⑤ the preference for self-admiration over community respect in rap lyrics

203 제목 22esp22-206

While the subscription economy offers numerous advantages, several disadvantages also warrant consideration. One primary concern is the potential for overconsumption. The convenience and easy access provided by subscription models enable consumers to sign up for multiple services and consume a high volume of content or goods. This can lead to excessive usage and subscribing to more services than are genuinely necessary. It is essential to subscribe only to services that are truly required and to avoid enrolling in redundant ones. Closely connected to overconsumption is the financial burden that subscriptions can impose. Although individual subscription costs may appear modest, enrolling in numerous services can accumulate rapidly. Consequently, one must evaluate these costs carefully to prevent financial strain. Systematically reviewing and terminating unnecessary subscriptions can prove beneficial.

- ① Why Subscription Companies Intentionally Encourage Consumers to Fall into Debt
- ② Why Consumers Should Regularly Cancel Subscription Services They No Longer Use
- ③ Subscription Convenience Can Lead to Overconsumption and Growing Financial Burdens
- ④ Subscription Services Become Financially Harmful Only When Individual Fees Are Expensive
- ⑤ The Potential Disadvantages of Using Multiple Subscription Services

204 순서 263R-022

Children typically form deep emotional bonds with their parents and other surrounding individuals.

(A) Genuine human relationships involve conflict, patience, misunderstanding, and compromise. An AI engineered to satisfy its user may not offer those same growth experiences. Thus, we must question whether AI-driven relationships could alter how children learn to bond with real people.

(B) These connections play a critical role in their social and emotional growth. However, AI might introduce an entirely unprecedented form of relationship. Consider a child who converses daily with an AI-powered toy. The AI listens attentively, recalls past interactions, and consistently responds to the child.

(C) Meanwhile, the child's parents might occasionally be occupied with their own smartphones or computers. Haidt expresses concern that under such circumstances, a child could develop an emotional attachment to the AI. The AI might begin to function as a friend or even a key source of comfort. This possibility is particularly worrying because children are still in the process of developing emotionally and socially.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

205 순서 22esp22-105

Rap lyrics, which originated as party chants during early hip-hop, initially centered on enjoying group gatherings and boasting about the skill of the DJ or rapper.

(A) The powerful lyrics of this track detailed the harsh living conditions of the ghetto, recounting the tragic narrative of a boy born there who was forced to live and die as a second-class citizen. Through this release, hip-hop—whose initial objective was fostering peace through social gatherings—established a new tradition of social commentary directed against inequality.

(B) The Message became one of the most influential rap singles in history, paving the way for numerous hip-hop songs that challenged racial discrimination throughout the 1980s and 1990s. Simultaneously, the music's rhythmic beats and rap delivery moved people to dance, ensuring that listeners engaged with the social commentary while moving to the rhythm.

(C) However, a major shift occurred during the expansion of hip-hop music in the 1980s. Most notably, the release of The Message by Grandmaster Flash and the Furious Five in 1982 marked a historic milestone.

- ① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

Public goods are frequently undervalued in markets, which serve private goods efficiently but rarely function for public goods.

(A) For example, aquatic environments like wetlands yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. These advantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and are supplied without cost through the natural operation of wetlands.

(B) Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits obtained by those who utilize them. This collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a visible market price. The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all beneficiaries highlights the extent to which markets undervalue such public goods.

(C) Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, leaving them without an explicit price tag. Nevertheless, the true worth of these services is far from zero.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

Some observers contend that there exists a unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly isolated from all other activities involving books.

(A) Is reading truly that straightforward? The most constructive approach is to view reading as a loosely interconnected set of behaviors linked together by family resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase—without sharing a single universal defining feature.

(B) Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a common forum, one that underscores the challenges faced by anyone attempting to define where reading begins and ends. Such an effort advances toward understanding reading as a broad spectrum capable of encompassing diverse reading practices.

(C) Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are bound to fail because no consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place. The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, the more edge cases surface to stretch the concept's adaptable limits.

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Some observers contend that there exists a unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly isolated from all other activities involving books. Is reading truly that straightforward? The most ① constructive approach is to view reading as a loosely interconnected set of behaviors ② disconnected together by family ③ resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase— ④ without sharing a single universal defining feature. Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are ⑤ bound to fail because no ⑥ consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place. The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, the more edge cases surface to ⑦ stretch the concept's adaptable limits. Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a ⑧ common forum, one that underscores the challenges faced by anyone attempting to define where reading begins and ends. Such an effort ⑨ advances toward understanding reading as a broad spectrum capable of encompassing ⑩ diverse reading practices.

Neuroscientific discoveries indicate that pain and pleasure are generated and processed within the exact same brain region. Our bodies continuously strive to ① maintain homeostasis, defined as the state of balance among bodily functions. Without effective compensatory mechanisms ② capable of cushioning potential extremes, human survival would be ③ impossible. Pleasure and pain resemble two sides of a single coin; they appear to operate together, relying heavily on one another to ④ preserve equilibrium. If you imagine pleasure and pain as ⑤ opposing ends of a balance scale, it becomes easy to see that as one side ⑥ decreases, the other must correspondingly drop. Many are familiar with the phrase, "No pain, no gain." According to psychiatrist Dr. Anna Lembke, there may be ⑦ genuine truth in those words. She suggests that our ⑧ persistent attempts to avoid discomfort actually leave us feeling even more miserable. This occurs because pain serves as an ⑨ essential component in preserving a neutral state, and ⑩ allowing ourselves to experience it ultimately resets our internal scale back to balance.

210 틀린어휘 2462-40

Numerous factors give rise to envy: possessions, social standing, health, youth, talent, popularity, and physical attractiveness. Envy is frequently confused with jealousy because their ① physiological responses are ② different. However, the ③ distinction is clear: the object of envy is a thing or trait (such as status, wealth, or health), whereas the object of jealousy is the behavior of a third party. Envy involves just two individuals. Jealousy, by contrast, requires three: Peter feels jealous toward Sam because the ④ attractive neighbor calls Sam instead. Paradoxically, our envy ⑤ generates resentment directed toward those who resemble us most closely in age, career, and place of residence. We do not envy nineteenth-century entrepreneurs, ⑥ nor do we envy billionaires living on the other side of the planet. As a writer, I do not feel envy toward musicians, executives, or dentists, but toward fellow writers. As a CEO, one envies leaders of even ⑦ larger corporations. As a supermodel, one envies more ⑧ successful supermodels. Aristotle ⑨ recognized this truth long ago: 'Potters envy potters.'

211 문장삽입 2615-1606

These advantages are shared simultaneously by numerous individuals and are supplied without cost through the natural operation of wetlands.

Public goods are frequently undervalued in markets, which serve private goods efficiently but rarely function for public goods. (①) For example, aquatic environments like wetlands yield diverse benefits that regularly constitute public goods, such as nursery or shelter areas for rare species, recreational activities, hunting, tourism, and water purification. (②) Consequently, no market exists for these public good functions of wetlands, leaving them without an explicit price tag. (③) Nevertheless, the true worth of these services is far from zero. (④) Since many people gain from these provisions, their overall value corresponds to the sum of all additional benefits obtained by those who utilize them. This collective value can be immense, even in the absence of a visible market price. (⑤) The gap between the zero market price for wetland services and their total worth to all beneficiaries highlights the extent to which markets undervalue such public goods.

212 문장삽입 2412-23

Pleasure and pain resemble two sides of a single coin; they appear to operate together, relying heavily on one another to preserve equilibrium.

Neuroscientific discoveries indicate that pain and pleasure are generated and processed within the exact same brain region. (①) Our bodies continuously strive to maintain homeostasis, defined as the state of balance among bodily functions. (②) Without effective compensatory mechanisms capable of cushioning potential extremes, human survival would be impossible. (③) If you imagine pleasure and pain as opposing ends of a balance scale, it becomes easy to see that as one side rises, the other must correspondingly drop. Many are familiar with the phrase, "No pain, no gain." (④) According to psychiatrist Dr. Anna Lembke, there may be genuine truth in those words. She suggests that our persistent attempts to avoid discomfort actually leave us feeling even more miserable. (⑤) This occurs because pain serves as an essential component in preserving a neutral state, and allowing ourselves to experience it ultimately resets our internal scale back to balance.

213 문장삽입 2412-33

Consequently, attempts to mark a strict boundary between reading and nonreading are bound to fail because no consensus exists regarding what counts as reading in the first place.

Some observers contend that there exists a unified, logically coherent concept termed reading that can be neatly isolated from all other activities involving books. (①) Is reading truly that straightforward? (②) The most constructive approach is to view reading as a loosely interconnected set of behaviors linked together by family resemblances—to employ Ludwig Wittgenstein's phrase—without sharing a single universal defining feature. (③) The more one endeavors to determine where the line lies between reading and not-reading, the more edge cases surface to stretch the concept's adaptable limits. (④) Thus, it is worthwhile to gather these exceptional forms of reading into a common forum, one that underscores the challenges faced by anyone attempting to define where reading begins and ends. (⑤) Such an effort advances toward understanding reading as a broad spectrum capable of encompassing diverse reading practices.

What ultimately developed from these gatherings was a dynamic youth movement called hip-hop culture, built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti.

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together. (①) Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as block parties. (②) It replaced gang conflict with music, dance, visual art, and style. (③) The most sought-after block parties were organized by DJ Kool Herc, who is considered the founding father of hip-hop. (④) Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music owing to his innovative DJing technique. During this event, utilizing two turntables simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and switched between them to lengthen the instrumental drum section known as the break. Dancers no longer had to stop moving when a record ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. (⑤) Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

215 틀린어법 22esp22-102

Following the peace treaty, former rival gangs began holding parties together. Empty buildings and open parking lots served as venues for events known as ① block parties. What ultimately developed from these gatherings ② was a dynamic youth movement ③ called hip-hop culture, ④ built around DJing, breakdancing, MCing, and graffiti. It replaced gang conflict ⑤ with music, dance, visual art, and style. The most sought-after block parties were ⑥ organized by DJ Kool Herc, ⑦ who is ⑧ considered the founding father of hip-hop. Herc's party for his sister's birthday in August 1973 is celebrated today as the birthplace of hip-hop music ⑨ owing to his innovative DJing technique. During this event, ⑩ utilize two turntables ⑪ simultaneously, Herc played twin copies of the same record and ⑫ switched between them to lengthen the instrumental drum section known as the break. Dancers no longer had to stop ⑬ moving when a record ⑭ ended while the DJ changed the vinyl disc. Kool Herc's style of DJing swiftly gained influence in driving the growth of hip-hop music and breakdancing.

Consider some of the world's most powerful, wealthy, and famous individuals. Disregard the visible marks of their success and the items they are capable ① of purchasing. Instead, ② examine what they are ③ forced to surrender in exchange—observe what their achievement has actually cost ④ them. For the most part, the cost is freedom. Their occupations compel them to wear formal attire. Maintaining their success relies on attending specific social gatherings and ⑤ flattering people they dislike. Inevitably, it requires them to recognize ⑥ that they cannot express what they truly believe. Even ⑦ worse, it demands that they transform into a different kind of person or ⑧ commit unethical acts. Granted, the financial reward may be substantial, but they ⑨ have failed to properly evaluate the trade-off. As Seneca observed, Slavery resides under marble and gold. A great number of successful individuals are captives in prisons they constructed themselves. Is that what you desire? Is that the goal ⑩ toward which you are striving? Let us hope it ⑪ does not.

217 문장삽입 2462-37

It brings us immediate happiness today but does nothing to increase our wealth tomorrow.

Purchasing a television constitutes current consumption. (①) To be sure, money spent on a television keeps assembly workers employed at the electronics factory. (②) However, if that same money were invested instead, it would generate employment elsewhere—such as for scientists in a research lab or workers on a construction site—while simultaneously making us wealthier over the long term. (③) Consider higher education as an illustration. (④) Sending students to college creates employment for professors. Allocating that same money to buy luxury sports cars for high school graduates would generate jobs for automotive workers instead. The fundamental distinction between these two cases is that a college education renders a young person more productive for the rest of his or her life, whereas a sports car does not. (⑤) Thus, paying college tuition represents an investment, while purchasing a sports car is merely consumption.

218 틀린어휘 22esp22-106

Furthermore, a new perspective gradually emerged in hip-hop lyrics, one that can be summarized as "respect." Hip-hop music began to serve as a medium for expressing ① mutual respect, particularly toward hip-hop ② pioneers. To rappers, these pioneers ③ represent heroes who overcame adversity and injustice to build a new culture and musical style. Consequently, many in the hip-hop community ④ agree that one cannot show too much respect for these figures. The phrase "something from nothing," frequently employed to summarize the genre's history, also conveys admiration for early hip-hoppers who ⑤ created a new culture in the ghetto despite extremely ⑥ limited resources. Rappers also proudly shared the feeling that they, and perhaps their audience as well, had ⑦ endured and survived hardships ⑧ similar to those faced by the pioneers. This explains why the message of respect encompasses both personal self- ⑨ worthless and respect for others. The ⑩ significance of respect in hip-hop cannot be overemphasized.

219 문장삽입 2412-22

To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then measure their respective distances from that central point.

To determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it on a balance scale and compare it against a known mass, such as several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams. (①) Determining the mass of a distant star, however, becomes far more complex. (②) How do we measure such an object? (③) Broadly speaking, calculating a star's mass depends heavily on various theoretical frameworks. (④) Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, to "measure" stellar mass, we observe other physical quantities and plug those figures into theoretical equations. (⑤) Measurement is not a straightforward, unmediated observation of pre-existing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of established theories.

220 문장삽입 22esp22-106

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221 틀린어법 2615-1302

AI generates an abundance of ideas. While human brainstorming groups usually prioritize the quality of creative ideas and quickly ① focus on modifying initial suggestions, the likelihood of finding good ideas ② increases when groups first emphasize quantity. As Linus Pauling noted, The best way to have a good idea is to have lots of ideas. Psychologist Dean Keith Simonton ③ referred to this phenomenon as the equal odds rule, ④ propos that creative success is directly ⑤ linked to the total volume of works produced. Numerous studies ⑥ have confirmed that high creative quality stems from a large quantity of ideas—a concept Bob Sutton at a design and innovation ⑦ consulting firm termed the idea ratio. Indeed, one Stanford study indicated that more than two thousand ideas separate a successful product from a failure. This explains why design thinking and innovation place such heavy emphasis ⑧ on the processes—what Utley and Klebahn describe as idea flow—of generating possibilities without immediate judgment.

222 틀린어법 2412-22

To ① determine the mass of my bowling ball, I might place it ② on a balance scale and ③ compare it against a ④ known mass, such as ⑤ several metal cubes each weighing 1, 10, or 100 grams. Determining the mass of a distant star, however, becomes ⑥ far more ⑦ complex. How do we measure such an object? Broadly speaking, ⑧ calculat a star's mass depends heavily on various theoretical frameworks. To determine the mass of a binary star system, we first locate the center of mass between the two stars, and then ⑨ measure their respective distances from that central point. Using those distance values alongside the orbital period and a specific formulation of Kepler's Third Law, we can compute the mass. In other words, ⑩ to measure stellar mass, we observe other physical quantities and plug those figures into theoretical equations. Measurement is not a straightforward, ⑪ unmediated observation of pre-existing traits, but rather the determination of specific values set against a backdrop of ⑫ established theories.

223 순서 22esp22-201

Jiyun, a high school student, begins her day by signing in to a music streaming service on her smartphone.

(A) After school, Jiyun uses a video lecture platform to broaden her knowledge in any subject she finds intriguing. For instance, she watches diverse academic lectures to review her school coursework and stay current with the latest developments in her chosen field of study.

(B) She delights in listening to her favorite tracks, discovering new songs, and exploring unfamiliar artists daily. To ensure a healthy breakfast, Jiyun gets a delivery from a subscription service that supplies fresh vegetables and fruits.

(C) On weekends, Jiyun and her family enjoy quality time together by watching movies or dramas via a streaming service.

① A-C-B ② B-A-C ③ B-C-A ④ C-A-B ⑤ C-B-A

224 틀린어법 22esp22-205

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease. In the past, people had no choice but to ① visit a cinema or ② buy physical copies of the videos they wished to view. Today, anyone who ③ wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment. Simultaneously, these platforms allow businesses ④ to deliver ⑤ customized products and services to users ⑥ effortlessly. By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and ⑦ spending patterns. Users appreciate having a variety of choices along ⑧ with customization, ⑨ which subsequently boosts their overall satisfaction. Services such as recommending personalized clothing options ⑩ based on past purchases or suggesting videos ⑪ aligned with their viewing history ⑫ bred consumers immense satisfaction.

225 틀린어휘 22esp22-205

With the continuous advancement of diverse digital devices led by smartphones, consumers can perform various tasks with remarkable ease. In the past, people had no choice but to visit a cinema or buy ① physical copies of the videos they wished to view. Today, anyone who wants to watch a movie can access online media subscription platforms and enjoy a ② broad selection of films on their smartphones or other digital equipment. Simultaneously, these platforms ③ allow businesses to deliver customized products and services to users effortlessly. By leveraging AI and big data algorithm technologies, companies analyze consumers' needs, preferences, and spending patterns. Users ④ appreciate having a variety of choices along with customization, which subsequently ⑤ boosts their overall satisfaction. Services such as recommending personalized clothing options based on past purchases or suggesting videos ⑥ aligned with their viewing history bring consumers ⑦ slight satisfaction.

226 틀린어휘 22esp22-206

While the subscription economy offers numerous advantages, several disadvantages also warrant consideration. One ① primary concern is the potential for overconsumption. The convenience and easy access ② provided by subscription models ③ prevent consumers to sign up for multiple services and ④ consume a high volume of content or goods. This can lead to excessive usage and subscribing to more services than are genuinely ⑤ necessary. It is essential to subscribe only to services that are truly required and to ⑥ avoid enrolling in redundant ones. Closely ⑦ connected to overconsumption is the financial burden that subscriptions can impose. Although individual subscription costs may appear ⑧ modest, enrolling in numerous services can accumulate rapidly. Consequently, one must evaluate these costs carefully to prevent financial strain. Systematically reviewing and terminating unnecessary subscriptions can prove ⑨ beneficial.

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228 틀린어법 2462-31

We gather stamps, coins, and vintage automobiles even ① when they offer no practical utility. Post offices no longer honor those outdated stamps, banks refuse to accept the old coins, and vintage cars are forbidden from driving on public roads. Yet these issues are merely secondary; the true appeal ② lies in their ③ limited supply. In one experiment, researchers asked students ④ to rank ten posters according to their attractiveness, with the understanding ⑤ that they could keep one poster as a token of appreciation for participating. Five minutes later, the students were informed ⑥ that the poster ranked third was no longer available. They were then ⑦ requested to re-evaluate all ten posters from the beginning. Suddenly, the unavailable poster was ⑧ judging to be the most beautiful of all. Psychologists refer to this phenomenon as reactance: when an option is ⑨ taken away from us, we instantly consider it ⑩ far more ⑪ appealing.

229 틀린어법 22esp22-206

While the subscription economy offers numerous advantages, several disadvantages also warrant consideration. One primary ① concern is the potential for overconsumption. The convenience and easy access ② provided by subscription models enable consumers ③ to sign up for multiple services and ④ consume a high volume of content or goods. This can lead to excessive ⑤ usage and ⑥ subscribing to more services than ⑦ do genuinely necessary. It is essential to subscribe only to services that ⑧ are truly required and ⑨ to avoid enrolling in redundant ⑩ ones. Closely connected to overconsumption is the financial burden that subscriptions can impose. Although individual subscription costs may appear modest, ⑪ enrolling in numerous services can accumulate ⑫ rapidly. Consequently, one must evaluate these costs carefully to prevent financial strain. Systematically reviewing and terminating unnecessary subscriptions can prove beneficial.

230 틀린어법 22esp22-201

Jiyun, a high school student, begins her day by signing ① in to a music ② streamed by service on her smartphone. She delights in listening to her favorite tracks, ③ discovering new songs, and ④ exploring unfamiliar artists daily. To ⑤ ensure a healthy breakfast, Jiyun gets a delivery from a subscription service that supplies fresh vegetables and fruits. After school, Jiyun uses a video lecture platform to broaden her knowledge in any subject she finds intriguing. For instance, she watches diverse academic lectures to review her school coursework and ⑥ stay ⑦ current with the ⑧ latest developments in her ⑨ chosen field of study. On weekends, Jiyun and her family ⑩ enjoy quality time together by watching movies or dramas via a streaming service.

231 틀린어휘 22esp22-107

Presented to the UN on May 16th, 2001, "The HipHop Declaration of Peace" formally acknowledged hip-hop as an international culture of peace. This document ① recalls hip-hop's founding mission to ② restore peace to the Bronx, ③ signifying global respect for hip-hop history. Another pivotal milestone occurred in 2018 when hip-hop artist Kendrick Lamar was awarded a Pulitzer Prize for Music. This achievement indicated that hip-hop, which originated as underground music, had transformed into a ④ minor art form comparable to classical music. If hip-hop music was born as part of a cultural movement for peace in the 1970s, today a growing number of people view it as a ⑤ potent medium to express oneself, ⑥ oppose injustice, drive change through social messages, and ⑦ remain deeply ⑧ connected to music and others. With its distinctive and ⑨ expanding appeal, hip-hop ⑩ continues to thrive as a global phenomenon.

232 문장삽입 22esp22-103

These dancers started performing in groups on public streets, forming a street dance battle culture.

The break section grew into the most eagerly awaited segment of a track. (①) People would gather in circles to demonstrate their individual dance talent during the break. (②) Kool Herc coined the term B-Boys and B-Girls—short for Break-Boys and Break-Girls—for those dancing to his tracks. (③) DJs like Kool Herc would chant rhythmically and rhyme over instrumental segments to energize the crowd. They shouted catchphrases such as "To the beat" and "You don't stop!" (④) This marked the origins of rapping or MCing. When DJs found it difficult to handle both DJing and rhythmic vocal chants simultaneously, they invited a friend to assume the role of speaking to the audience as the Master of Ceremonies, or MC, at their parties. (⑤) This distinct responsibility evolved into MCing.

233 틀린어법 22esp22-204

Additionally, consumers appreciate adaptability and convenience. Under certain subscription frameworks, users can access a diverse array of products or services for a set fee. In alternative models, they can ① flexibly adjust subscription costs by selecting only the specific services or products they require at any given time. This allows them ② to either enjoy a broad selection for a ③ fixed rate or ④ save money by choosing strictly what they truly need. Furthermore, subscription services are made easily ⑤ accessible through online platforms, ⑥ enhance consumer convenience. With merely a few clicks, users can obtain services or physical products. Should they wish to update their device model, they can readily do so. Anyone ⑦ seeking an upgrade can acquire it and experience the ⑧ latest models.

234 틀린어법 22esp22-103

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235 틀린어휘 22esp22-204

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236 문장삽입 22esp22-204

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237 틀린어휘 22esp22-207

In addition, the subscription economy can cause environmental pollution. The recurring shipment of products enclosed in packaging materials ① increases the ② reliance on disposable containers, which ③ negatively impacts the environment. Utilizing eco-friendly packaging materials and choosing reusable options can help mitigate this problem. Despite these potential drawbacks, subscription services have become deeply integrated into daily life, and a growing number of enterprises are ④ adopting the subscription economy model. It is anticipated that ⑤ conventional subscription services will ⑥ continue to ⑦ expand into ⑧ new sectors. Consequently, we must ⑨ gain a clearer understanding of the subscription economy and become ⑩ thoughtful consumers who select only the services we genuinely need.

238 틀린어법 22esp22-207

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239 틀린어휘 22esp22-201

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정답 확인 QR